

# TRANSDUCER OF TEMPERATURE AND STANDARD SIGNALS P30U TYPE



## **USER'S MANUAL**

CE

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## 1. APPLICATION

The P30U programmable transducer is designed to convert temperature, resistance, direct voltage and direct current signals into a standard DC voltage or DC current signal. The output signal is galvanically isolated from the input signal and power supply. The transducer is fitted with a 2x8 LCD screen.

Features of the P30U transducer:

- converting measured values into any output signal based on an individual linear characteristic,
- calculating measured values using one of five implemented mathematical functions,
- calculating measured values based on a 21-point individual characteristics,
- one or two NO (normaly open) relay alarms operating in 6 modes
- auxiliary power supply 24V DC 30mA switched on/off by software (options),
- indication of exceeding the alarm values set,
- programming alarm and analog outputs with a reaction to selected input value (main input, auxiliary input or RTC),
- real time clock (RTC) with independent battery supply
- recording the input signals in programmed time periods in the internal memory and on an SD/SDHC card (option),
- internal archive memory with 534336 record capacity,
- automatic decimal point setting,
- preview of preset parameters,
- password protected parameter change
- RS-485 interface support with the MODBUS protocol in RTU mode,
- programmable averaging time,
- Median filter with various number of samples
- SD/SDHC memory cards support compatible with FAT and FAT32 file system (option),
- RS-485 interface Master mode ability to poll a single slave device

- RS-485 interface Monitor mode ability to monitor transmission on RS-485 interface and react to the value of the selected register.
- 10/100 BASE-T Ethernet interface (option)
  - protocol: Modbus TCP/IP, HTTP, FTP,
  - services: WWW server, FTP server, DHCP client



Fig.1. Various variants of P30U transducer.

## 2. TRANSDUCER SET

- P30U transducer	1 pc.
- user's manual	1 pc.
<ul> <li>guarantee card</li> </ul>	1 pcs.
- plug-able screw terminal blocks	4 pcs.

## 3. BASIC REQUIREMENTS, OPERATIONAL SAFETY

The transducer meets the requirements of EN 61010-1 standard in terms of operational safety.

#### Safety precautions:

- The assembly and installation of electrical connections must be carried out by a person authorized to install electrical equipment.
- Before switching the transducer on, one must check the correctness of connections.
- The device is destined to be installed and used in industrial electromagnetic environment conditions.
- The building installation should be equipped with a switch or an automatic circuit breaker located near the device, which should be easy accessible by the operator and properly marked.
- Removal of the transducer housing during the warranty period may cause its invalidation.

## 4. INSTALLATION

### 4.1. Mounting method

P30 transducers should be mounted on a 35 mm rail bracket according to PN-EN 60715. Dimensions and method of mounting are shown in figure 2.

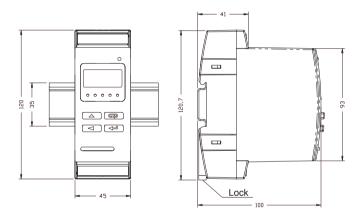
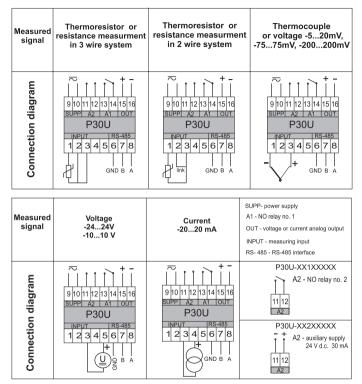


Fig.2. Overall dimensions and method of mounting the transducer.

### 4.2. External connections diagrams



#### Fig.3. External connections diagram of the P30U transducer

For the connection of input signals in environments with a high noise level, shielded wires should be used.

## 5. OPERATION

### 5.1 P30U transducer front panel description

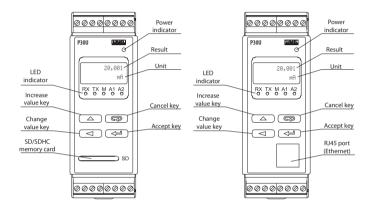


Fig.4. Front panel description

**Note:** The memory card (option) should be inserted to the transducer slot with contacts facing down

LED indicator description:

RX - green diode - Data reception on RS-485 indicator

TX - yellow diode - Data transmission on RS-485 indicator

- M red diode full internal memory indicator or writing file to SD/SDHC memory indicator, when the internal memory usage exceeds 95%, the diode is constantly on, if the transducer operates with an installed memory card, then the LED flashes when data is being written on the card.
- A1 red diode indicator of switching on the first alarm
- A2 red diode indicator of switching on the second alarm or 24V d.c. power supply

Power indicator - green diode.

### 5.2. Messages after switching on the power

After connecting external signals and switch the power supply on which is signalled with a green LED (power indicator), the transducer displays the type, current firmware version and the serial number. If the transducer is equipped with Ethernet interface (P30U-X2XXXXX) IP address is displayed after serial number (stored in memory or received from the DHCP server).

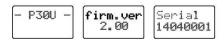


Fig.5. Fig.5. Start-up messages of a transducer not equipped with an Ethernet interface.



Fig.6. Start-up messages of a transducer equipped with an Ethernet interface.

After about five seconds, the transducer automatically switches to operating mode; it makes a measurement and converts it into an analog output signal. It displays the measured value in the top row of the display and auxiliary information in the bottom row of the display (section 5.5.4). The LED indicator signals the transmission status on the RS-485 interface, status of the internal memory use and alarm states. If transducer is equipped with an Ethernet interface, Ethernet services start-up: WWW server, FTP server, TCP/IP Modbus

### 5.3. Key functions

### 5.3.1. Individual key functions

- accept key

- enters programming mode (hold for about 3 seconds),
- navigates the menu level select,
- enters parameter value change mode,
- accepts the changed parameter value,
- · changes the content displayed in the lower line of the display,
- switching the transducer power supply on while holding this key enters the software update mode through the RS-485 interface, connection parameters: rate 9600 kb/s, mode 8N2.

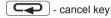


- increase value key

- displays the maximum value of the main input,
- enters the parameters group level,
- navigates the selected level
- changes the value of a selected parameter increase value,



- displays the minimum value of the main input,
- enters the parameters group level,
- navigates the selected level,
- changes the value of a selected parameter switches to the subsequent digit,
- switching the transducer power supply on while holding this key enters the software update mode through the RS-485 interface, connection parameters: rate 15200 kb/s, mode 8N2.



- enters the transducer parameters preview menu (hold for about 3 seconds),
- exits the transducer parameters preview menu,
- changes the content displayed in the lower line of the display,
- cancel the parameter change,
- completely cancels the programming mode (hold for about 3 seconds).
- switching the transducer power supply on while holding the key forces reading transducer configuration from P30U\_PAR.CON file stored on an external SD/SDHC memory card or in the internal file system memory (depending on the manufacturing variant).

### 5.3.2. Functions of key combinations



- hold for about 3 seconds
- clear alarm indication; this action works only when the alarm indication memory function is switched on;



- hold for about 1 second

clears the maximum value for the measured value



- hold for about 1 second

clears the minimum value for the measured value





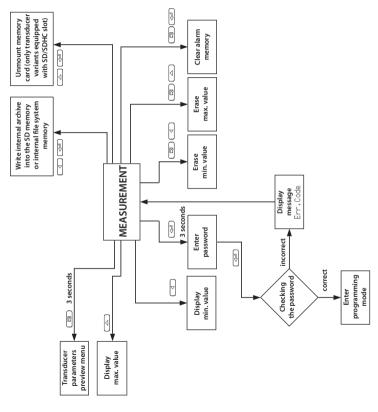
- A l hold for about 1 second
- unmounts the SD/SDHC memory card enabling safe removal -٠ for transducer equipped with an external SD/SDHC memory slot

- hold for about 1 second

- force start copying the archive from the internal memory into • the SD/SDHC memory card- for transducer equipped with an external SD/SDHC memory slot
- force start copying the archive from the internal memory . to the file system memory - for transducer equipped with an Ethernet interface; this action enables downloading current archive data files from the transducer via FTP protocol

Push and hold the programming key ( + ) for about 3 seconds to enter the programming matrix. The programming matrix can be protected with a safety code.

### 5.3.3. Programming matrix





### 5.4. Programming transducer parameters

Press and hold for about 3 seconds kev to enter the programming matrix. If access is password protected, transducer will ask for password. If the entered password is incorrect, Err. Code message will be displayed. Correct password enables access to the programming matrix. Fig. 8 shows the matrix in the programming mode. Use or to select the menu level or navigate the parameters of a given sub-level. The parameter symbol is displayed at the upper line of the display. while the parameter is displayed at the lower line of the display. Press  $\leftarrow$  to edit parameter. Press  $\leftarrow$  to cancel changing parameter. Press and hold **C** to exit the programming matrix and enter the measurement mode. If the transducer remains inactive for 30 seconds in the parameter programming mode, it will exit the programming mode and display the displayed value.

Setti ngs I nput	Input	A∨gTi me	Compens.	Comp. Val	Medi an
Input parameters	Measured value type	Averaging time	Compensa- tion type	Manual com- pensation value	Number of median filter samples
Settings Ind. Char	Point No	X1	Y1		X21
Individual charac- teristic parameters	Number of individual char.points	The first point of the individual char. Point x	The first point of the individual char. Point y.		The last point of the individual char.
Setti ngs Di spl ay	Decimal P	Uni t	Over Lo	Over Hi	Bckl i ght
Display	Minimum decimal point of the displayed value	Displayed unit	Lower display range threshold	Upper display range threshold	Display back- light time
Settings Alarm 1	Param. A1	Type A1	OverLoA1	OverHi A1	DI y0nA1
Alarm 1 parameters	Input value type for alarm 1	Alarm 1 type	Alarm 1 lower thres- hold	Alarm 1 upper thres- hold	Alarm 1 acti- vation delay
Settings Alarm 2	Param. A2	Type A2	OverLoA2	OverHi A2	DI y0nA2
Alarm 2 parameters	Input value type for alarm 2	Alarm 2 type	Alarm 2 lower threshold	Alarm 2 upper threshold	Alarm 2 activation delay
Setti ngs Output	Param. An	Anln Lo	Anln Hi	AnOut Lo	AnOut Hi
Analog output parameters	Value which controls analog output	Low level input signal	High level input signal	Low level output signal	High level output signal

⇔

4	•				
	Math Fun				
	Mathematical function on measured value				
	Y21				
	The last point of the indivi- dual char.				
	Bckl.Int	Di sp. Reg	Dec. P 2	Uni t2	
	LCD display backlight intensity	Number of register displayed at the lower line of the display	Minimum decimal point of the second displayed value	Second displayed value unit	
	DI yOffA1	0nLockA1	SgKeepA1		1
	Alarm 1 deactivation delay	Alarm 1 reactivation delay	Alarm 1 indication mode		
	DI yOffA2	0nLockA2	SgKeepA2		
	Alarm 2 deactivation delay	Alarm 2 reactivation delay	Alarm 2 indication mode		
	0verServ	Ovrln Lo	Ovrln Hi	0vr0utLo	0∨r0utHi
	Overflow management activation	Lower input overflow	Upper input overflow	Value expected on output at input lower overflow	Value expected on output at input upper overflow
	activation	overnow	oveniow		upper overflow

					<b>5</b> /
Settings Mbus 485	Address Device address	ModeUni t Transmis- sion frame mode	BaudRate Transmission rate	Base. Reg Number of pol- led/monitored base register in Master/Mo- nitor mode	No. ofVal Number of polled values in Master / Monitor mode
RS-485 interface parameters	No. OfErr Number of acceptable errors in Modbus RS-485 answers				
Setti ngs Archi ve	Arch. Val	Param. Ar	Ar. Mode	OverLoAr	OverHi Ar
Archiving parameters	Archived value selection	Value type triggering conditional archiving	Archiving type	Archive lower threshold	Archive upper threshold
Setti ngs	Fabr. Par	Securi ty	Time	Date	AutoTi me
Servi ce Service parameters	Write standard parameters	Enter password	Set current time	Set current date	Auto change of summer/ winter time
	DHCP	addrl P32	addrl P10	mask 32	maska 10
Setti ngs Ethernet	DHCP client on/off	B3,B2 byte of IP address (IPv4)	B1,B0 byte of IP address (IPv4)	B3,B2 byte of subnet mask	B1,B0 bajt maski pod- sieci
		received fr	om DHCP or ente	red manually wher	DHCP is off,
	AddrmTCP	PortMbus	Ti meMbu	no. c. TCP	p. comFTP
Ethernet parameters	Device address for TCP/IP Mod- bus service	TCP/IP Modbus port	TCP/IP Modbus service close time when inactive	Number of allowed simultaneous connections with TCP/IP Modbus service	FTP server command port number

Val Type	Interv.	AnswTi me	Mode	Mast. Fun
Type of polled / monitored values	Polling interval in Master RS-485 mode	Maximal answer time Master mode	RS-485 interface working mode	Selection of modbus Master function

Ar. Time	Ar. Erase	Rec. ToSD	Param. SD	
Archiving period	Erasing internal archive	Copy internal archive into SD/SDHC card	Percent of internal archive use which triggers automatic copying to SD/SDHC card	
Di sptest	Language	SaveFi I e		
LCD display and indicating diodes test	Menu language selection	Force writing transducer configuration file into an SD/SDHC card		
gate 32	gate 10	MAC 54	MAC 32	MAC 10
B3,B2 byte of default gateway address	B1,B0 byte of default gateway address	B5,B4 byte of the transducer's MAC address	B3,B2 byte of the transducer's MAC address	B1,B0 byte of the transducer's MAC address
format: B3	.B2.B1.B0	format : B5:B4:B3:		B2:B1:B0
Port FTP	portHTTP	LnkSpeed	EthStdPa	Rel ni tEt
FTP server data port number	HTTP server port number	Link speed	Set standard Ethernet interface parameters	Apply changes of Ethernet interface parameters
	Archiving period Di sptest LCD display and indicating diodes test gate 32 B3,B2 byte of default gateway address format: B3 Port FTP FTP server data port	Archiving periodErasing internal archiveDi sptestLanguageDi sptestLanguageLCD display and indicating diodes testMenu language selectiongate 32gate 10B3,B2 byte of default gateway addressB1,B0 byte of default gateway addressformat:B3,B2.blte of default gateway addressFornat:B3,B2.B1.B0Port FTPportHTTPFTP server data portHTTP server port	Archiving periodErasing internal archiveCopy internal archive into SD/SDHC cardDi sptestLanguageSaveFileLCD display and indicating diodes testMenu language selectionForce writing transducer configuration file into an SD/SDHC cardgate 32 gate 32 gateway addressgate 10 B1,B0 byte of default gateway addressMAC 54 B5,B4 byte of the to f default gateway addressformat:B3.82,B1,B0forPort FTPport HTTP server data portLink speed	Archiving periodErasing internal archiveRec. ToSDPercent of internal archiveArchiving periodErasing internal archiveCopy internal archive into SD/SDHC cardPercent of internal archive use which triggers automatic copying to SD/SDHC cardDi sptestLanguage language selectionSaveFileLCD display and indicating diodes testMenu language selectionForce writing transducer configuration file into an SD/SDHC cardgate 32 gate 32 gate 10gate 10 B1,B0 byte of default gateway addressMAC 54 B3,B2 byte of default gateway addressMAC 54 B3,B2 byte of the transducer's MAC 

Fig.6. Programming matrix.

### 5.4.1. Changing the value of the selected parameter

To accept the set parameter, press \_\_\_\_\_. The parameter will be stored. Press \_\_\_\_\_ to cancel change during edition.

### 5.4.2. Changing floating-point values

The change is carried out in two stages (the transition to the next stage follows after pressing the **4** key.

- setting the dot position (00000., 0000.0, 000.00, 00.000);
   The key moves the dot to the left, and key moves the dot to the right. Pressing key when changing the parameter value will cancel saving operation.
- Setting the value from the range -99999...99999 is similar to the integers.

### 5.4.3. Programmable transducer parameters

The table below shows programmable parameters and the possible ranges of values.

	Settings					
-	Input					
Para- meter symbol	Description	Range of changes				
Input	Selection of the input type	Displayed symbol	Description			
	- measured	Vol tage -10 10V	Voltage -10V 10V			
	value type	Current -24 24V	Voltage -24V 24V			
		Current -2020mA	Current -20mA 20mA			
		Resist. 400Ω	Resistance 0 400Ω			
		Resist. 2000Ω	Resistance 02000Ω			
		Resist. 5500 $\Omega$	Resistance 05500Ω			
		Pt100 -200850°C	Pt100 -200850 °C			
		Pt250 -200600°C	Pt250 -200600 °C			
		Pt250 -200 850°C	Pt250 -200850 °C			
		Pt500 -200 180°C	Pt500 -200180 °C			
		Pt500 -200850°C	Pt500 -200850 °C			
		Pt1000 -200250°C	Pt1000 -200250 °C			
		Pt1000 -200850°C	Pt1000 -200850 °C			
		Ni 100 -60 180°C	Ni100 -60180 °C			
		Ni 1000 -60 150°C	Ni1000 -60150 °C			
		Ni 100-LG -60 180°C	Ni100-LG -60180 °C			
		Ni 1000-LG -60 180°C	Ni1000-LG -60180 °C			
		Cu100 50180°C	Cu100 -50180 °C			

		Voltage -520mV	Voltage -520mV
		Voltage -7575mV	Voltage -7575mV
		Vol tage -200 200mV	Voltage -200200mV
		Therm.J 0400°C	Thermocouple J 0400°C
		Therm.J -2001200°C	Thermocouple J 2001200°C
		Therm. K 0 400°C	Thermocouple K 0400°C
		Therm.K -2001370°C	Thermocouple K-2001370°C
		Therm.S -501760°C	Thermocouple S 01760°C
		Therm. N -20420°C	Thermocouple N -20420°C
		Therm.N -2001300°C	Thermocouple N -2001300°C
		Therm.E -40260°C	Thermocouple E -40260°C
		Therm.E -2001000°C	Thermocouple E -2001000°C
		Therm.R 01760°C	Thermocouple R 01760°C
		Therm. T -200 400°C	Thermocouple T -200400°C
		Therm. B 400 1800°C	Thermocouple B 4001800°C
		RS-485	Modbus RS-485 (Master, Slave or Monitor)
AvgTi me	Averaging time of the measured value [ms]	e (from 75 ms only for inputs:	

Com- pens.	Compensa- tion type of: - cold junction temperature for thermoco- uples - cords re- sistance for measuring re- sistance and temperature from thermo- resistor sen- sors	Automat Automatic compensation Manual - Manual compensation
Comp. Val	Terminal tem- perature or resistance of cords (depen- ding on the se- lected type of input) in case of selecting the manual compensation t r a n s d u c e r mode	-99999 99999
Medi an	Number of median filter samples	1 50

Math Fun	mathomatiou	Off.	Mathematical functions switched off	
		x2	Square of measured value	
		$\sqrt{X}$	Square root of measured value	
			1/x	Inverse of measured value
		1/x2	Inverse square of measu- red value	
		1/√ x	Inverse square root of measured value	

Table 2

	Settings Ind. Char	
Parameter symbol	Description	Range of changes
Point No	Number of individual characteristics points for the main input. Number of sections is the number of points minus 1	1 21
X1	Measured value on the input, for which Yn (n – point number) is expected.	-9999999999
Y1	Expected value for Xn.	-9999999999

	Setti ngs Di spl ay			
Parameter symbol	Description	Range of changes		ges
Decimal P	Minimum decimal point of the display- ed value – display format.	0. 0000 - 0 00. 000 - 1 000. 00 - 2 0000. 0 - 3 00000 - 4		
Uni t	Displayed unit		kVAh	szt
		V	MVAh	imp
		А	Hz	rps
		mV	kHz	m/s
		kV	Ω	l/s
		mA	kΩ	obr/mi
		kA	°C	rpm
		W	٩F	mm∕min
		kW	К	m∕min
		MW	%	l∕min
		var	%RH	m3∕min
		kvar	рН	szt/h
		Mvar	kg	m/h
		VA	bar	km/h
		kVA	m	m <sup>3</sup> /h
		MVA	I	kg/h
		kWh	S	l ∕h
		MWh	h	
		kVarh	m <sup>3</sup>	User's defined
		MVarh	obr	

Over Lo	Lower display range threshold	-9999999999
Over Hi	Upper display range threshold	-9999999999
Bckl i ght	Display backlight time	On - always on Off - always off 1 - active for X seconds 2  60
Bckl.Int	LCD display backlight intensity	10% - LCD display backlight 10% of maximum backlight 20% - LCD display backlight 20% of maximum backlight  100% - LCD display backlight 100% of maximum backlight
Di sp. Reg	Number of register displayed at the lower line of the dis- play	0 65535
Dec. P 2	Minimum decimal point of the second displayed value	0. 0000 - 0 00. 000 - 1 000. 00 - 2 0000. 0 - 3 00000 - 4
Unit 2	Unit of the second displayed value	Similar to parameter Unit

	Setti Alarm 1,		
Parameter symbol	Description	Range of changes	
Param. A1 Param. A2	Input value type for alarm 1	Di spl Val	displayed value
Param. Az		Time	time
		2nd Val	the second displayed value
Туре А1 Туре А2	Alarm type. Fig.17 shows graphical illustration of	n-on	normal (change from 0 to 1)
	the alarm types.	n-off	normal (change from 1 to 0)
		on	switched on
		off	switched off
		h-on	manual, switched on; until the alarm type is changed, the alarm output remains per- manently switched on
		h-off	manual, switched off; until the alarm type is changed, the alarm output remains per- manently switched off
OverLoA1 OverLoA2	Lower alarm threshold	-99999	99999
OverHi A1 OverHi A2	Upper alarm threshold	-99999	99999
DI y0nA1 DI y0nA2	Alarm activation delay (s)	0 900	
DI yOffA1 DI yOffA2	Alarm deactivation delay (s)	0 900	
OnLockA1 OnLockA2	Alarm reactivation delay (s)	0 900	

SgKeepA1 SgKeepA2	Alarm indication mode	Off	alarm occurrence is indicated using LED A1/A2, alarm deacti- vation switches off LED A1/A2
		On	alarm occurrence is indicated using LED A1/A2, alarm deacti- vation causes blinking of A1/A2 LED's until the alarm is reconfi- gured or cleared with key combination.

	Settings Output			
Parameter symbol	Description	Range of changes		
Param. An	Value which controls	Di spl Val	displayed value	
	analog output	Ti me	time	
		2nd Val	the second displayed value	
Anln Lo	Analog output indivi- dual characteristic – lower input threshold	-9999999999		
Anln Hi	Analog output indivi- dual characteristic – upper input threshold	-9999999999		
AnOut Lo	Analog output individual characteristic – lower output threshold			
AnOut Hi	Analog output indivi- dual characteristic – upper output threshold	-2424		

Ovrln Lo	Switching on analog output overflow mana- gement	Off	Overflow manage- ment switched off
		0n	Overflow manage- ment switched on
Ovrln Lo	Lower input overflow for output overflows	-99999	99999
Ovrln Hi	Upper input overflow for output overflows	-99999	99999
0vr0utLo	Value expected on output on lower overflow	-24 24	
0vr0utHi	Value expected on output on upper overflow	-24 24	

Settings Mbus 485			
Parameter symbol	Description Range of changes		ge of changes
Address	RS-485 MODBUS network address. Enter 0 to switch off the inter- face, if interface works in Master mode this is the address of requested device	0 247	
ModeUni t	RS-485 interface trans- mission mode	r8n2 r8e1 r8o1 r8n1	
BaudRate	RS-485 interface trans- mission baudrate	4800	4800 bit/s
		9600	9600 bit/s
		19200	19200 bit/s

	n		(
		38400	38400 bit/s
		57600	57600 bit/s
		115200	115200 bit/s
		230400	230400 bit/s
		256000	256000 bit/s
Base. Reg	Number of polled / monitored base register in Master or Moni tor mode of RS-485 inter- face	0 655	536
No. ofVal	Number of polled values in Master / Monitor mode of RS-485 interface	050	
Val Type	Type of polled / moni- tored values in either Master or Moni tor RS-485 interface mode	char 8	<b>char</b> type value (8 bits with sign)
		uchar 8	unsigned char type value (8 bits without sign)
		short 16	<b>short</b> type value (16 bits with sign)
		ushort16	unsigned short type value (16 bits without sign)
		long 32	long type value (32 bits with sign)
		ul ong 32	unsigned long type value (32 bits without sign)
		flt 32	<b>float</b> type value (32 bits, floating point value with sign)
		sfl t2x16	swapped float type value, 32 bits floating point value placed on two 16-bit registers (Byte order 3,2,1,0)

		flt 2x16	<b>float</b> type value, 32 bits floating point va- lue placed on two 16- bit registers (Byte order 1,0,3,2)
		lng 2x16	<b>long</b> type value (32 bits with sign) placed on two 16-bit registers, (Byte order 1,0,3,2)
		sl ng2x16	<b>swapped long</b> type value (32 bits with sign) placed on two 16-bit registers, (Byte order 3,2,1,0)
		ul ng2x16	<b>unsigned long</b> type value (32 bits without sign) placed on two 16-bit registers, (Byte order 1,0,3,2)
		uSI n2x16	unsigned swap- ped long type value (32 bits without sign) placed on two 16-bit registers, (Byte order 3,2,1,0)
Interv.	Polling interval in Ma- ster RS-485 mode	1 36000	D [0.1s]
AnswTi me	The maximal respon- se time of the device working in Master or Moni tor RS-485 inter- face mode [ms]	10 5000	) [ms]

Mode	RS-485 interface wor- king mode	SI ave	RS-485 interface works in Modbus Slave mode, trans- ducer waits for requ- ests and responds on request adressed to its address
		Moni tor	Transducer moni- tors trafic on RS-485 interface and acts on data other devices transmitt
		Master	RS-485 interface works in modbus Ma- ster mode, transducer sends requests and waits for reply from Slave device
Mast. Fun	Selection of modbus	fun. 0x03	Function 0x03
	Master function	fun. 0x04	Function 0x04
No. OfErr	Number of acceptable errors in modbus RS-485 answers when transdu- cers interface works in Master mode	0 10	

Settings Archive					
Parameter symbol	Description	Range of changes			
Arch. Val	Selection of archived values <b>Note:</b> <u>changing the re-</u> <u>gister value clears the</u> <u>archive in the internal me-</u> <u>mory!!!</u>	Di spl Val	only displayed value		
		+2nd Val	displayed value and the second displayed value		
		+Queri ed	displayed value, second displayed value and all queried values using RS-485 interface		
Param. Ar	Type of input value which controls conditional archiving	Di spl Val	displayed value		
		Time	time		
		+2nd Val	second displayed value		
Ar. Mode	Archiving triggering condition fig. 25 shows a visualization of con- dition types triggering archiving (similarly to alarm types).	n-on	normal (change from 0 to 1)		
		n-off	normal (change from 1 to 0)		
		on	switched on		
		off	switched off		
		h_on	manual, switched on; until the archiving type is changed, the archi- ving remains perma- nently switched on		
		h_off	manual, switched off; until the archiving type is changed, the archi- ving remains perma- nently switched off		
OverLoAr	Archive lower threshold	-9999999999			
OverHi Ar	Archive upper threshold	-9999999999			
Ar. Time	Archiving period (s)	1 3600			

Ar. Erase	Ar. Erase Erasing internal archive	Yes	Start erasing internal archive
		No	Without changes
Rec. ToSD	Copy internal archive into SD/SDHC card (va- riant P30U-X1XXXXX) or into internal file sy- stem memory (variant P30U-X2XXXXX)	Yes	Start copying the archive
		No	Without changes
Param.SD	Percent of internal ar- chive use which triggers automatic copying to SD/SDHC card	5 95	

Setti ngs Ethernet (option, only variant P30U-X2XXXXX)						
Parameter symbol	Description	Range of changes				
DHCP	on/off (enables automatic transducer configura- tion which is connected	Off	DHCP switched off – manually configure transducer's IP address and subnet mask;			
to a network so it can communicate on that network using the Internet Protocol IP)	On	DHCP switched on, after powering on or selecting from menu option Rel ni tEt the transducer will recei- ve IP address, subnet mask and gateway ad- dress from the DHCP server, the gateway address will be the ad- dress of the server that assigned parameters to the transducer;				

-		
addrl P32	Third and second byte (B3.B2) of transducer's IP address, value displayed in a decimal format, IPv4 address format: B3.B2. B1.B0	000. 000 255. 255
addrl P10	First and zero byte (B1.B0) of transducer's IP address, value displayed in a decimal format, IPv4 address format: B3.B2. B1.B0	000. 000 255. 255
mask 32	Third and second byte (B3.B2) of transducer's subnet mask, value dis- played in decimal format, mask format: B3.B2. B1.B0	000.000 255.255
mask 10	First and zero byte (B1. B0) of transducer's sub- net mask, value displayed in a decimal format, mask format: B3.B2.B1.B0	000. 000 255. 255
gate 32	Third and second byte (B3.B2) of transducer's default gateway, value displayed in a decimal format, gateway address format: B3.B2.B1.B0	000.000 255.255
gate 10	First and zero byte (B1. B0) of transducer's default gateway, value display- ed in a decimal format, gateway address format: B3.B2.B1.B0	000.000 255.255
MAC 54	Fifth and fourth byte (B5. B4) of transducer's MAC address, value displayed in a decimal format; for- mat B5:B4:B3:B2:B1:B0	000. 000 255. 255
MAC 32	Third and second byte (B3.B2) of transducer's MAC address, value dis- played in a decimal for- mat; format B5:B4:B3: B2:B1:B0	000.000 255.255

MAC 10	First and zero byte (B1. B0) of transducer's MAC address, value displayed in a decimal format; for- mat B5:B4:B3:B2:B1:B0	000.000	255. 255
AddrmTCP	Device address for Mod- bus TCP/IP protocol	0 255	
PortMbus	Modbus TCP/IP port number	0 65535	
Ti meMbus	Modbus TCP/IP service port closing time, the va- lue is given in seconds	10 600	
no. c. TCP	Maximum number of simultaneous connec- tions with Modbus TCP/IP service	1 4	
p. comFTP	FTP server command port number	20 65535	
Port FTP	FTP server data port number	20 65535	
Port HTTP	HTTP server port number	80 65535	
LnkSpeed	Transmission rate	Auto	automatic
		10 Mb/s	10 Mbit/s
		100 Mb/s	100 Mbit/s
EthStdPa	Set default Ethernet inter- face parameters	Yes	restore default Ethernet interface parameters
		No	without changes
Rel ni tEt	Apply a new Ethernet interface parameters	Yes	save a new Ethernet interface parameters and reinitiate the Ethernet interface
		No	without changes

## Table 9

Settings Service				
Parameter symbol	Description	Range of changes		
Fabr. Par	Restore factory parame- ters. Choose Yes to write standard parame-	No	without changes	
	ters to the transducer. Factory parameters are shown in table 17.	Yes	restores factory para- meters	
Securi ty	Enter new password. Enter "0" to deactivate password.	- 99999 99999		
Ti me	Set current time. Setting incorrect time cancels time setting - the entered value will not be taken.	00: 00 23: 59		
Date	Set current date: month + day. Setting incorrect date cancels data setting - the entered value will not be taken.	01-01-10 31-12-99		
AutoTi me	Auto change of sum- mer/winter time and vice	No	without auto time change	
	versa	Yes	with auto time change	
Di spTest	LCD display and indica-	No	do nothing	
	ting LED's test	Yes	starts the test	
Language	Select current menu	Pol ski	select Polish language	
	language	Engl i sh	select English language	
		Deutsch	select German language	
		Francai s	select French language	

SaveFile	No	do nothing
	Yes	Force writing transdu- cer configuration file into an external SD/ SDHC card or internal file system memory

# 5.5. Transducer functions

## 5.5.1. Measurement input

The P30U transducer is equipped with universal, configurable measurement input, which enables to measure direct current, direct voltage, resistance and temperature from thermocouples and thermistors. Detailed information about supported inputs is shown in table 48. Input type RS-485 is a special type of input, in which transducer treats value form register 8000 as a measured value. Value in register 8000 depends on RS-485 interface working mode (Slave, Monitor or Master) and can be written, monitored or read via RS-485 interface.

## 5.5.1.1. Interface RS-485 Master mode

RS-485 interface can work in Master mode, in which device is able to read data registers from one slave device connected to transducer. Both devices must have the same communication parameters. The RS-485 Master mode is switched on by selecting the appropriate mode of RS-485 interface from menu: Mbus 485  $\rightarrow$  Mode  $\rightarrow$ 

Master or by entering value "2" into the register 4042. In the Master mode the following parameters should be configured in the Mbus 485 menu:

Table 10

Item	Mbus 485	
1	Address	Address of the device being read out
2	ModeUni t	Transmission mode on the connection
3	BaudRate	Baud rate
4	Base. Reg	Number of the first read out register
5	No. ofVal	Number of read out values
6	Val Type	Type of read out values
7	Interv.	Read out interval [x100 ms]
8	AnswTi me	Maximal response time [ms]
9	Mode	Working mode of RS-485 interface
10	Mast.Fun	Kind of used master function(0x03 or 0x04)
11	No.OfErr	Admissible number of incorrect responses to the trans- ducer request (number of repeated requests before an error is displayed)

The parameters (4 - 6) may also be configured by RS-485 (registers 4048- 4052) before the RS-485 Master mode is selected. After selecting the RS-485 Master mode it is impossible for other Master device to poll the transducer.

All values read in Master mode are available as a floating point values in registers from range 8000...8049., first red out value is placed in register 8000, second value in 8001 register etc.

In the transducer Mbus 485 menu there is the parameter No. of Err, which defines the admissible number of incorrect responses to the transducer request (number of repeated requests before an error is displayed). That parameter is also modified by RS-485 (register 4005) before the RS-485 Master mode is selected. If input type I nput  $\rightarrow$  RS-485 is selected, the first register being polled is

treated as the measured value (register 8000). If the request refers to a larger number of registers (parameter No. ofVal > 1), then it is possible to display, at the bottom row of the display, the value of other register than the first one being polled, because all the polled registers are copied to the block of registers from the range 8000...8049. For example, when we want to display additionally the value of the second register being polled, we should set the value "8001" in the menu of the parameter Di spl ay  $\rightarrow$  Di sp. Reg. (the first value being polled is in the register 8000 and it is treated as the main displayed value) or enter the value "8001" into the register 4024.

In order to make the transducer RS-485 interface work again in the Slave mode, one should select proper mode in menu RS-485 Mbus  $485 \rightarrow Mode \rightarrow SI ave$ .

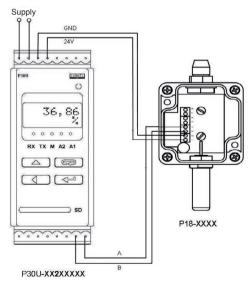


Fig.9. Example of using a P30U transducer in the RS-485 Master mode to read and register relative humidity from a P18 transducer.

## 5.5.1.2. Interface RS-485 Monitor mode

RS-485 interface can work in Moni tor mode, in which device is able to listen to traffic in the RS-485 network and react to specific register of responses of the selected device. The P30U transducer must have the same communication parameters as the device being listened to. The RS-485 Moni tor mode is switched on by selecting the appropriate mode from menu: Mbus  $485 \rightarrow Mode \rightarrow Moni tor$ by entering the "1" or value into the register 4042 In the RS- 485 Moni tor mode the following parameters should be configured in the Mbus 485 menu:

Table 11

Item	Modbus	
1	Address	Address of the device being listened to
2	ModeUni t	Transmission mode on the connection
3	BaudRate	Baud rate
4	Base. Reg	Base monitored register number
5	Val Type	Type of read out values
6	AnswTi me	Maximal time of reply of the device being listened to [ms]

The parameters (4 - 6) may also be configured by RS-485 (registers 4048- 4052) before the RS-485 Moni tor mode is selected. After selecting the RS-485 Moni tor mode it is impossible for other Master device to poll the transducer.

Similarly as in the RS-485 Master mode the registers being listened to are copied to the register area from the range 8000...8049. The first register being listened to is copied to the register 8000 and it can be treated as the main displayed value. If the parameter No. of Val > 1, then the values of the following registers being listened to reach the following registers from the range 8000...8049. For example, when we want to display additionally the value of the third register being listened to,

we should set the value "8002" in the menu of the parameter Di spl ay  $\rightarrow$  Di sp. Reg. or enter the value "8002" into the register 4024.

In order to make the transducer RS-485 interface work again in the Slave mode, one should select proper mode in menu RS-485 Mbus  $485 \rightarrow Mode \rightarrow SI ave$ .

#### 5.5.1.3. Median filter

Median filter function on measured value is implemented in Transducer P30U. This function enables to filter input signal from influence of perturbances on input signal. Parameter I nput  $\rightarrow$  Medi an specifies number of samples from which signal will be filtered - number of samples determines filtering period. For example, if transducer is configured for measuring voltage from 0...10 V range (sample rate 80 ms), median function is off and sequential measured samples are: 10.0065, 10.0055, 10.0025, 10.004, 10.0055, then the output value will be unstable and average value will have value 10.0093. Average value does not describe the real level of considered signal what is shown on fig. 10.

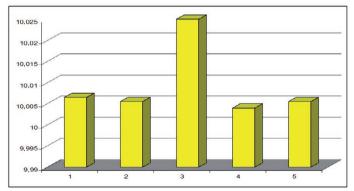


Fig.10. Exemplary signal – samples unsorted

After switching median filter on with number of samples 5 (sample rate 80 ms) 5 subsequent samples will be sorted and only median sample will be treated as measured value (sample no 3 after sorting). After sorting Xn values are as follows: 10.004, 10.0055, 10.0055, 10.0065, 10.025.

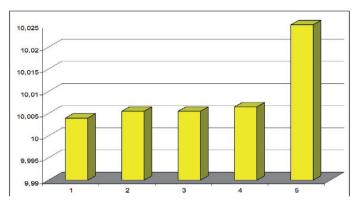


Fig.11. Median filter operation – sorted samples

Value  $X_3 = 10.0055V$  will be treated as a result of median operation in this example. Average value after switching the median filter on will also have value  $X_3 = 10.0055V$ . The highest value of perturbations on measured signals the highest number of median samples should be applied from range 1...50. If number of median samples is set to "1" median operation is switch off. If an even number of samples is chosen, average of two median values will be given as a result of median operation.

## 5.5.1.4. Averaging time

Various averaging time of the measured value can be defined in transducer P30U. Averaging time of measured value can be set within 0.075...0,2...20 s range – the moving window averaging function has been used. The minimal time below 0,2 s can only be used for input types: Vol tage -10.. 10V, Vol tage -24.. 24V, Current -20.. 20mA.

#### 5.5.1.5. Maximum and minimum values of measured signals

The P30U transducer has been fitted with the function of storing minimum and maximum value with the time and date of occurrence. Minimum and maximum value are stored after a power supply loss, they can be read and reset using transducer registers via Modbus protocol (RS-485, TCP/IP – see table 37, WWW server, they can also be displayed on the display using the following keys:

▲ - the maximum value, ▲ - the minimum value. Erasing the minimum and maximum value is possible via keypad after pressing the combination of ▲ and ▲.

#### 5.5.1.6. Mathematical operations on measured values

The transducer enables the performance of additional mathematical operations on the measured value. The following mathematical operations have been implemented in the transducer:

- mathematical functions,
- 21-point individual characteristic,
- display range limit (main input only).

The way in which the mathematical operation influences the measured value is shown at fig. 12. Switching on and selection of the mathematical operation is possible via the keypad, Modbus protocol (RS-485, TCP/IP) and WWW server.

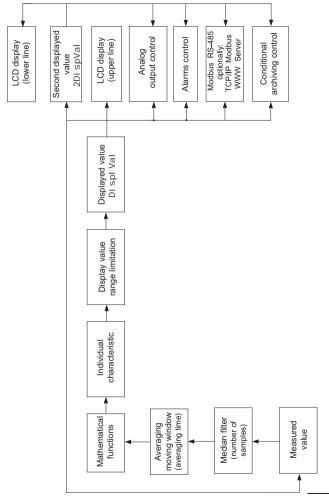


Fig.12. The way in which the mathematical operations influence the measured value

## 5.5.1.7. Mathematical functions

The P30U transducer can calculate the measured values using one of 5 implemented mathematical functions:

- square of measured value,
- root of measured value,
- inverse of measured value,
- inverse square of measured value,
- inverse root of measured value.

The operation of mathematical functions is switched off by default.

## 5.5.1.8. Input individual characteristic

P30U transducers perform the function of conversion of the measured value to any value due to implemented function of individual characteristics of the input. Independent individual characteristics have been implemented for the main input and the auxiliary input. The individual characteristics rescales the input signal being measured according to the characteristics set. The user can enter a maximum of twenty functions each by specifying points determining the ranges and expected values for subsequent points.

Programming individual characteristic consists in the definition of the number of points which the input function will be linearized by. Note that the number of linearized functions is the number of points minus one. Next, one must program subsequent points by providing the measured value Xn and the expected value corresponding to it – the value to be displayed (Yn). The visual interpretation of the individual characteristic is shown on fig. 13.

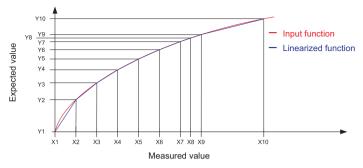


Fig.13. Input individual characteristic

During function approximation, one must remember that in the case of approximating curves that significantly deviate from linear characteristics, the higher number of linearising sections, the lower the linearisation error.

If the measured values are lower than X1, then the calculations will be made based on the first straight line calculated based on points (X1,Y1) and (X2,Y2). However, for values higher than Xn (where n – the last declared measured value), the displayed value will be calculated based on the linear function determined last.

**Note**: All the entered points of the measured value (Yn) must be arranged in ascending order, so that the following dependence is true:

If the dependence specified above is not true, the individual characteristic functions will be automatically switched off (will not be performed) and a diagnostic flag will be set in the status register. Individual characteristics are switched off by default. Parameters of individual characteristics can be configured via keyboard as separate groups of sub-menu: I nd. Char.

## 5.5.1.9. Displayed value range limitation

The value range limitation applies only to the main input, so that it influence only the displayed value Di spl Val. The value range limitation parameters are located in the menu in the group of Di spl ay parameters:  $0 \vee er Lo$  – lower display value threshold and  $0 \vee er$  Hi – upper display value threshold. The default value of upper overflow is 99999 , and for lower overflow – 99999. If the lower display overflow occurs the  $0 \vee 0 \vee 0 \vee 0 \vee 0$  symbol is displayed on the display and the number value of the displayed value is set to -1e20. If the upper display overflow occurs the  $0 \vee 0 \vee 0 \vee 0 \vee 0 \vee 0 \vee 0$  symbol is displayed on the display and the number value of the displayed value is set to +1e20.

## 5.5.2. Analog output

The P30U transducer is equipped with one current type (source) or voltage type analog output depending on the variant code.

## 5.5.2.1. Analog output individual characteristic

The P30U transducer enables processing displayed value, second displayed value and the real time clock value into analog output signal based on the individual linear characteristic of the analog output. On the basis of coordinates of two points provided by the user, the transducer determines (using a system of equations) a and b individual characteristic coefficients.

 $\begin{cases} Ylout = a \cdot Xlin + b \\ Y2out = a \cdot X2in + b \end{cases}$ 

where X1 in and X2 in – the displayed value, Y1 out and Y2 out – expected value on the analog output.

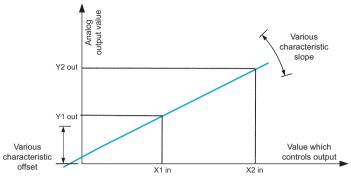


Fig.14. Analog output individual characteristic

## 5.5.2.2. Analog output overflow management

In P30U transducer user can additionally configure the behaviour of the analog output after controlling output value overflow. By default, overflow management is switched off – in such a case, after controlling output value is overflowed, the output is still controlled proportionally to the controlling output value outside the basic range of the output. After the overflow management is switched on, the user can define the value to control the output after the occurrence of the upper or lower overflow of the controlling output value.

## Example 1: Analog output configuration

The transducer set to measure temperature from thermocouple J – Input: Therm. J -200. . 1200°C. Individual characteristic of the current type analog output set as follows:

Table 12

Register no.	Parameter symbol in the menu	Register value	Parameter value symbol in the menu
4040	Param. An	0	Di spl Val
4041	0verServ	0	Off
7610	AnIn Lo	0	0. 0
7611	Anln Hi	1000	1000. 0
7612	AnOut Lo	4	4
7613	AnOut Hi	20	20. 0

Fig. 15 shows the reaction of the analog output when analog output overflow management is switched off – standard operation of the analog output.

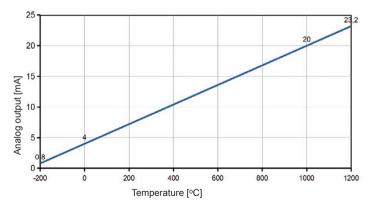


Fig.15. Operation of the analog output when overflow management is switched off

If in the same case the analog output overflow management is switched on (parameters set according to table 13), the reaction of the analog output will be as is shown on fig. 16.

Table 13

Register no.	Parameter symbol in the menu	Register value	Parameter value symbol in the menu
4040	Param. An	0	Di spl Val
4041	0verServ	1	0n
7610	AnIn Lo	0	0. 0
7611	AnIn Hi	1000	1000. 0
7612	AnOut Lo	4	4
7613	AnOut Hi	20	20. 0
7664	Ovrln Lo	0	0
7665	Ovrln Hi	1000	1000
7666	0vr0utLo	1,5	1, 5
7667	0∨rOutHi	3,5	3, 5

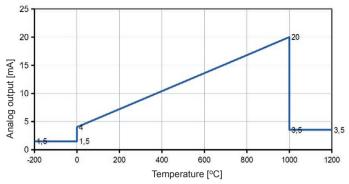


Fig.16. Operation of the analog output when overflow management is switched on

**Example 2: Configuration of the analog output controlled by real time clock** The transducer set to measure temperature form Thermocouple J: Therm. J 0. . 400°C. The individual characteristic of the current type analog output is set, that the output reacts to current time (hour, minute), i.e. for 00:00 o'clock expected value is 4 mA, for 23:59 o'clock expected value is 20 mA:

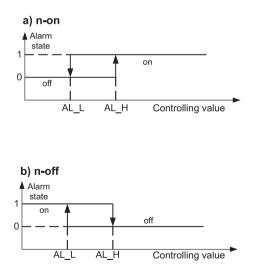
Tabl	e 14
------	------

Register no.	Parameter symbol in the menu	Register value	Parameter value symbol in the menu
4040	Param. An	0	Ti me
4041	0verServ	1	Off
7610	Anln Lo	0	0. 0
7611	Anln Hi	23.59	23. 59
7612	AnOut Lo	4	4
7613	AnOut Hi	20	20. 0

## 5.5.3. Alarm and power outputs

The P30U transducer is equipped with 2 relay alarm outputs with a normally open contact or with 1 relay output with a normally open contact and 1 power supply output 24 V d.c. (depending on the manufacturing variant code). Each alarm (power supply output 24 V d.c. should be treated similarly to the alarm) can operate in one of six modes. Fig. 17 shows alarm operation in the following modes: n-on, n-off, on, off. Two remaining modes: h-on i h-off mean, respectively, always on and always off. These modes are intended for manual simulation of alarm states.

In case of the transducer variant with 24 V d.c. output, the second alarm mode should be set to h-on, in such a case, the auxiliary power supply output will be constantly switched on.



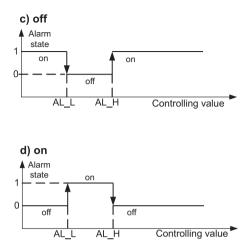


Fig.17. Alarm types: a) n-on; b) n-off; c) on; d) off.

AL\_L - Lower alarm threshold AL\_H – Upper alarm threshold

**Note:** If alarms are n-on, n-off, on, off type, entering  $AL_L > AL_H$  will switch off the alarm.

## 5.5.4. LCD display

The P30U traducers are equipped with a backlit LCD display consist of two lines of 8 characters each. The top line of the display is used for presenting the displayed value in floating point format (5 digits) and for displaying the SD/SDHC card or internal file system memory status pictograms, or maximum or minimum value pictograms after pressing or keys.

Table 15

Symbol	Method of display	Meaning
<b>F</b> 3	constant	SD/SDHC card or internal file system memory mounted and ready to operate
1	blinking	SD/SDHC card unmounted and ready for remo- ving
	blinking	SD/SDHC card is protected against writing
	blinking	SD/SDHC card or internal file system memory is full
ГĻ	constant	Displays the maximum value of displayed value (value measured and counted from main input)
Ľ	constant	Displays the minimum value of displayed value (value measured and counted from main input)

The P30U transducer automatically adjust the format (accuracy) of display to the displayed value. To fully use the function, go to menu and select Settings Display  $\rightarrow$  Decimal P  $\rightarrow$  0.0000 or enter "0" in register 4021, then the transducer will display the displayed value with as much accuracy as possible. Note that a higher resolution display is not always helpful, because it may lead to a decreased stability of indications.

Measurement range overflows are indicated by displaying special signs at the upper line of the LCD display:

- vvvvvv lower overflow of the input signal range
- ..... upper overflow of the input signal range

The lower line of the P30U transducer display is multi-functional. Press or key to cycle through the functions of the bottom row of the display:

- unit (selected from the defined units or custom (section 5.4.3, table 3) with the indication of internal memory use (pkt 5.8.2. table 18.)
- time in HH:MM:SS format
- date in DD:MM:YY format
- bar graph showing percent control of the analog output

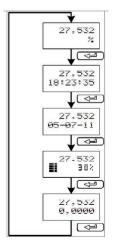


Fig.18. Diagram of switching information displayed in the lower line of the display.

The function selected for the bottom row of the display is stored even after a power loss. LCD display can also show service information about the status of the transducer – see table 16.

Table 16

Message	Description
Restore Fabr. Par	Factory parameters must be set, e.g. following software update, transducer can operate – restore factory parameters; the message does not prevent the measured values from being displayed, it is displayed in cycles.
Fabr. Par done	Successfully restored transducer factory parameters, the transducer can operate, the message does not prevent the measured values from being displayed, it is displayed in cycles for 20 seconds.
IP renew DHCP :	Succesfully refresh ethernet communication data from DHCP server; after this information achived IP address is displayed on LCD display (only for variants equipped with Ethernet interface)

## 5.5.4.1. Custom unit definition

In the transducers of the P30 family, apart from the defined standard units, it is possible to define user own unit to be displayed in the lower line of the LCD display. The maximum size of the unit field is 5 characters, each character consists of 8 lines which makes 5x8 = 40 fields (registers) that define the unit. Custom unit has been defined in the transducers by default - the LUMEL logo. In order to display the custom unit, enter "57" in register 4020 or select the unit from the transducer menu.

To define a custom unit, use registers from 4400 ... 4440 range. The following figure presents the method of defining the unit.

Character line 1						
		er 1	er 2	er 3	er 4	er 5
		Unit character	charactei	characte	characte	Unit character
		nit ch	Jnit ch	Unit ch	Unit ch	nit ch
		$\supset$	$\supset$			
Character line 8						

Fig.19. Field intended for the unit at the lower line of the LCD display.

Register	Value	n character									
4400+(n-1)*8	0x1F	1	1	1	1	1					
4401+(n-1)*8	0x10	1									
4402+(n-1)*8	0x14	1		1							
4403+(n-1)*8	0x14	1		1							
4404+(n-1)*8	0x14	1		1							
4405+(n-1)*8	0x17	1		1	1	1					
4406+(n-1)*8	0x10	1									
4407+(n-1)*8	0x1F	1	1	1	1	1					

Fig.20. Method of coding a custom unit in a single display field.

## 5.5.4.2. Displaying two values with their units

P30U transducer enables displaying two different values witch their units - displayed value at the top row of display and the second displayed value (value of any transducer register) at the bottom row of the display. It is possible to display both values with their units. The displayed value unit is chosen from menu Setti ngs  $\rightarrow$  Di spl ay  $\rightarrow$  Uni t(register 4020), and the second displayed value unit is chosen from menu Setti ngs  $\rightarrow$  Di spl ay  $\rightarrow$  Uni t (register 4020), and the second displayed value unit is chosen from menu Setti ngs  $\rightarrow$  Di spl ay  $\rightarrow$  Uni t 2 (register 4023). Displaying two units is only possible when on the bottom row of display is displayed second displayed value marked with sign.

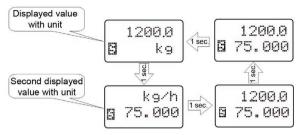


Fig.19. Algorithm of displaying two values with their units

## 5.5.5. Writing and reading transducer configuration from file

P30U-X1XXXXXX and P30U-X2XXXXXX manufacturing variants of P30U transducers enable storing and reading configuration from the file located on an external SD/SDHC card or in the internal file system memory.

## 5.5.5.1. Storing the transducer configuration file

To store the current transducer configuration, select option: Service  $\rightarrow$  SaveFile  $\rightarrow$  Yes, from the menu or enter "1" in register 4077. The text file with configuration will be saved to **P30U**, folder, file name: **P30U\_PAR.CON** (section 5.8.4. Fig. 27.). Any subsequent saving the configuration file will overwrite the current file.

## 5.5.5.2. Reading the transducer configuration file

Reading the transducer configuration from file enables quick configuration of the transducer equipped with an external SD/SDHC card or internal file system memory. The configuration file should be located in **P30U** folder and its name should be **P30U\_PAR.CON**. The file can be generated by a properly configured P30U transducer or by eCon software (Modbus RS-485 or TCP/IP). In case of transducers in P30U-X2XXXXX manufacturing variant, the file can be moved from one device to another using the FTP protocol. In case of P30U-X1XXXXX manufacturing variants, a single external memory card can be used to transfer configuration to multiple transducers equipped with external SD card slots.

To force parameter update from file, switch on the transducer while pressing **equal base** key. If the configuration file contains appropriate data and the new configuration is accepted, the following message will be displayed on the transducer display:

Fig.22. Message confirming successful readout transducer configuration from file.

If the parameter update from file is forced and a proper file is missing or existing file contains corrupted data (at least one corrupted parameter), the current configuration will be maintained and the following message will be displayed:

Fig.23. Message informing about an unsuccessful readout transducer configuration file.

# 5.6. Default settings

Default P30U transducer settings have been provided in table 17. These settings can be restored using transducer menu by selecting Settings Service  $\rightarrow$  Fabr. Par  $\rightarrow$  Yes or via RS-485 interface by entering "1" in register 4055.

## Table 17

	Parameter symbol	Standard value							
	Input	Therm.J 0400 <sup>0</sup> C							
	A∨gTi me	1000							
l nput	Compens.	Automat.							
l ng	Comp. Val	0							
	Medi an	3							
	Math Fun	Off							
	Point No	Off							
<u>د</u>	X1	0, 0000							
l nd. Char	Y1	0, 0000							
Dd									
-	AvgTimeCompens.Comp. ValMedi anMath FunPoint NoX1Y1	(n-1)*100							
	Yn	(n-1)*100							
	Decimal P	0. 0000							
	Uni t	S							
	Over Lo	- 99999							
ay	Over Hi	99999							
Di spl ay	Bcklight	On							
Ō	Bckl.Int	70, 00%							
	Di sp. Reg	7515							
	Dec. P 2	0. 0000							
	Deci mal P	0. 0000							

Param. A1Param. A2Displ ValType A1Type A2n-onOverLoA1OverLoA20OverHi A2OverHi A220Dl yOnA1Dl yOnA20Dl yOffA1Dl yOffA20OnLockA1OnLockA20SgKeepA1SgKeepA20nSgKeepA1SgKeepA20Anl nLo0Anl nHi100Anout00Overlu00Overlu00Anout00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu00Overlu11ModeUni t1No. ofVal1Val Typefl t 32I nterv10ModeSl ave									
N         OverLoA1         OverLoA2         O           OverHi A2         OverHi A2         QO           Di yOnA1         Di yOnA2         O           Di yOnA1         Di yOnA2         O           Di yOffA1         Di yOffA2         O           OnLockA1         OnLockA2         O           SgKeepA1         SgKeepA2         On           SgKeepA1         SgKeepA2         On           Ani n         Lo         O           Ani n         Hi         100           Anout         Lo         O           Anout         O         O           Anout         O         O           OverServ         Offf         O           OvrOutLo         O         O           OvrOutHi         O         O           ModeUni t         r8n2         BaudRate           BaudRate         9600         Base. Reg           No. ofVal         1         1           Val Type         Fl t 32         I nterv.           Interv.         10         Answ. Ti me		Param.A1 Param.A2	Di spl Val						
Bit I in the intervention of the leaf in the intervention of the leaf int		Туре А1 Туре А2	n-on						
OnLockA1         OnLockA2         O           SgKeepA1         SgKeepA2         On           SgKeepA1         SgKeepA2         On           Param. An         Di spl Val           Anl n         Lo         O           Anl n         Hi         100           AnOut Lo         O         O           AnOut Hi         20         OverServ           OverServ         Off         OverOutLo           OvrOutLo         O         O           OvrOutLo         O         O           ModeUni t         r8n2         BaudRate           BaudRate         9600         Base. Reg           Val Type         fl t 32         Interv.           Interv.         10         Answ. Ti me	2	OverLoA1 OverLoA2	0						
OnLockA1         OnLockA2         O           SgKeepA1         SgKeepA2         On           SgKeepA1         SgKeepA2         On           Param. An         Di spl Val           Anl n         Lo         O           Anl n         Hi         100           AnOut Lo         O         O           AnOut Hi         20         OverServ           OverServ         Off         OverOutLo           OvrOutLo         O         O           OvrOutLo         O         O           ModeUni t         r8n2         BaudRate           BaudRate         9600         Base. Reg           Val Type         fl t 32         Interv.           Interv.         10         Answ. Ti me	-	OverHi A2 OverHi A2	20						
OnLockA1         OnLockA2         O           SgKeepA1         SgKeepA2         On           SgKeepA1         SgKeepA2         On           Param. An         Di spl Val           Anl n         Lo         O           Anl n         Hi         100           AnOut Lo         O         O           AnOut Hi         20         OverServ           OverServ         Off         OverOutLo           OvrOutLo         O         O           OvrOutLo         O         O           ModeUni t         r8n2         BaudRate           BaudRate         9600         Base. Reg           Val Type         fl t 32         Interv.           Interv.         10         Answ. Ti me	arm	DI y0nA1 DI y0nA2	0						
SgKeepA1SgKeepA2OnParam. AnDi spl ValAnl nLo0Anl nHi100Anout Lo00Anout Hi200OverServOffOvrI n0OvrI n Hi20OvrOutLo0OvrOutHi0OvrOutHi0BaudRate9600Base. Reg7510No. ofVal1Val Typefl t 32Interv.10Answ. Ti me1000	A	DI yOffA1 DI yOffA2	0						
Param. AnDi spl ValAnl nLo0Anl nHi100Anout Lo0Anout Lo0Anout Hi20OverServOffOvrl n Lo0Ovrl n Hi20OvroutLo0OvroutLo0OvroutHi0Address1ModeUni tr8n2BaudRate9600Base. Reg7510No. ofVal1Val Typefilt 32Interv.10Answ. Ti me1000		0nLockA1 0nLockA2	0						
Anl n         Lo         O           Anl n         Hi         100           AnOut         O         O           AnOut         O         O           AnOut         O         O           AnOut         O         O           AnOut         Hi         20           OverServ         Off         O           OvrI n         Lo         O           OvrOutLo         O         O           OvrOutHi         O         O           ModeUni t         r8n2         BaudRate           BaudRate         9600         Base. Reg           Val Type         fl t 32         I nterv.           Interv.         10         Answ. Ti me		SgKeepA1 SgKeepA2	On						
Ani n         Hi         100           Anout Lo         0           Anout Lo         0           Anout Hi         20           OverServ         0ff           OvrIn Lo         0           OvrOutLo         0           OvrOutLo         0           OvrOutHi         0           Address         1           ModeUni t         r8n2           BaudRate         9600           Base. Reg         7510           No. ofVal         1           Val Type         filt 32           Interv.         10           Answ. Ti me         1000		Param. An	Di spl Val						
AnOut Lo0AnOut Hi20OverServOffOvrIn Lo0OvrIn Hi20OvrOutLo0OvrOutHi0OvrOutHi0ModeUni tr8n2BaudRate9600Base. Reg7510No. ofVal1Val Typefl t 32Interv.10Answ. Ti me1000		Anl n Lo	0						
AnOut Hi20OverServOffOvrIn Lo0OvrIn Hi20OvrOutLo0OvrOutHi0OvrOutHi0ModeUni tr8n2BaudRate9600Base. Reg7510No. ofVal1Val Typefl t 32Interv.10Answ. Ti me1000		Anl n Hi	100						
Ovr1n Lo         O           Ovr1n Hi         20           OvrOutLo         0           OvrOutHi         0           Address         1           ModeUni t         r8n2           BaudRate         9600           Base. Reg         7510           Val Type         fl t 32           Interv.         10           Answ. Ti me         1000		AnOut Lo	0						
Ovr1n Lo         O           Ovr1n Hi         20           OvrOutLo         0           OvrOutHi         0           Address         1           ModeUni t         r8n2           BaudRate         9600           Base. Reg         7510           Val Type         fl t 32           Interv.         10           Answ. Ti me         1000	put	AnOut Hi	20						
Ovr1n Lo         O           Ovr1n Hi         20           OvrOutLo         0           OvrOutHi         0           Address         1           ModeUni t         r8n2           BaudRate         9600           Base. Reg         7510           Val Type         fl t 32           Interv.         10           Answ. Ti me         1000	out	OverServ	Off						
OvrOutLoOOvrOutHiOOvrOutHiOAddress1ModeUnitr8n2BaudRate9600Base. Reg7510No. ofVal1Val Typeflt 32Interv.10Answ. Time1000	Ū	Ovrln Lo	0						
OvrOutHiOAddress1ModeUnitr8n2BaudRate9600Base. Reg7510No. ofVal1Val Typeflt 32Interv.10Answ. Time1000		Ovrln Hi	20						
Address1ModeUnitr8n2BaudRate9600Base. Reg7510No. ofVal1Val Typeflt 32Interv.10Answ. Time1000		0vr0utLo	0						
ModeUni tr8n2BaudRate9600Base. Reg7510No. ofVal1Val Typefl t 32Interv.10Answ. Ti me1000		0vr0utHi	0						
BaudRate 9600 Base. Reg 7510 No. ofVal 1 Val Type flt 32 Interv. 10 Answ. Time 1000		Address	1						
Base. Reg 7510 No. ofVal 1 Val Type fl t 32 Interv. 10 Answ. Time 1000		ModeUni t	r8n2						
Interv.         10           Answ. Time         1000		BaudRate	9600						
Interv.         10           Answ. Time         1000	185	Base. Reg	7510						
Interv.         10           Answ. Time         1000	IS 7	No. ofVal	1						
Answ. Ti me 1000	Mbr	Val Type	flt 32						
		Interv.	10						
Mode SI ave		Answ. Ti me	1000						
		Mode	SI ave						

	Mast.fun	0x03								
	No. ofErr	2								
	Arch. Val	Di spl Val								
	Param. Ar	Di spl Val								
	Ar. Mode	h-off								
< e	OverLoAr	0, 0000								
Archi ve	OverHi Ar	0, 0000								
Are	Time Ar	10								
	Ar. Erase	No								
	Rec. ToSD	No								
	Param.SD	50, 000								
	Fabr. Par	No								
	Securi ty	00000								
	Ti me	undefined								
	Date	undefined								
Servi ce	AutoTi me	No								
er/	Di spTest	No								
S	Language	Pol ski (P30U-XXXXXXXX viariants) Engl i sh (P30U-XXXXXXXXX viariants)								
	SaveFi I e	No								

	DHCP	On							
	addrl P32	192. 168							
	addrl P10	001. 030							
	mask 32	255. 255							
	mask 10	255. 000							
	gate 32	192. 168							
	gate 10	001. 001							
Ê	MAC 54								
optio	MAC 32	Various value – specific to each transducer							
t (0	MAC 10								
Ethernet (option)	AddrmTCP	1							
the	PortMbus	502							
ш	Ti meMbus	60							
	no. c. TCP	4							
	p. comFTP	21							
	Port FTP	1025							
	PortHTTP	80							
	LnkSpeed	Auto							
	EthStdPa	No							
	Rel ni tEt	No							

# 5.7. Firmware update

P30U transducer enables firmware update by user using PC computer with eCon software installed. The free eCon software and update files are available at <u>www.lumel.com.pl</u>. RS-485 to USB converter, e.g. PD10 converter, is required for proceeding with the update.

umel updater v.1.13	
Device	LUMEL
P30U	
Port	
COM6 Jisconnect	Backward compatibility mode
File	Setup
C:\P30U_2_00.img	
 Messages	ıd
Port opened Device found: P30U firmware v.2.00 bootloader v.2.01 File opened	
0'	%
OK	15:04:37

# Fig.24. Screenshot of the software for updating transducer firmware.

**Note!** After firmware update, default transducer settings must be set, therefore it is recommended to store the transducer parameters before starting the update process using eCon software



After starting eCon software, set the rate, mode and transducer address, as well as the RS-485 interface port in Communication tab. Next, click connect icon and read all transducer parameters (required for restoring them later). Then, click Update firmware link which will call LUMEL UPDATER (LU) software dialog - fig. 24. Check transmission parameters using Setup button and press **Connect** button. Information about the update progress are displayed in Messages box. If the port is correctly opened, Port opened information is displayed. There are two methods of entering updating mode in the transducer: remotely via LU (based on eCon settings - address. mode, rate, COM port) or by powering the transducer on while holding down **wey** key – update using default communication parameters, i.e. rate 9600 kb/s, mode 8N2, or while holding down - key - update using recommended communication parameters. i.e. rate 115200 kb/s, mode 8N2. If all indicating LEDs are on and the display shows Connect UPDATER message, transducer is ready to connect with computer. If the transducer establishes communication with LUMEL UPDATER (LU) software Device found: P30U message and the version of the main firmware and bootloader will be displayed, as well as the Devi ce is ready message will be shown on the transducer display. Next, press "..." button and read the file with the new firmware version in LUMEL UPDATER. If the file opens properly, File opened information will be shown in the LU software window. Press Send button. During the update process, the indicating LEDs are switched on in a sequence, and the percent progress of update is shown on the lower line of the display. After a successful update, the transducer restarts to normal operation, whereas Done message and update duration are displayed in the information box (LU).

The current firmware version can also be checked by reading the welcome messages of the transducer after powering it on.

**Note:** Updating the firmware is only possible when the transducer and a PC computer are connected directly (no other Master devices can be connected using the RS-485 interface).

**Note:** Switching off the power supply during the firmware updating process may result in an unrepairable damage to the transducer!

## 5.8. Archiving measured values

## 5.8.1. Transducer memory structure

Standard P30U transducers (regardless of the manufacturing variant code) are equipped with a 4MB internal memory for storing data recorded by the transducer. The default recorded parameter is the displayed value, that is the measured value or value converted using mathematical functions and individual input characteristic. It is also possible to additionally record the second displayed value or displayed values and all queried values if RS-485 interface works in Master or Moni tor mode. The internal transducer memory enables storing 534,336 records. The memory is of circular buffer type. After the memory becomes full, the oldest data is overwritten. The internal archive can be read, copied and cleared.

Transducers in P30U-X1XXXXXX variants are equipped with an SD/SDHC memory card slot enabling writing archive data to files on the external SD/SDHC memory card.

Transducers in P30U-X2XXXXX variants are equipped with an 8GB internal file system memory (the capacity of the file system memory can be increased on a special order or due to manufacturer's needs) where the data from the internal memory are automatically copied to files. Data can be downloaded via the Ethernet interface using the FTP protocol.



Note: Changing the Archi ve → Arch. Val parameter value in the menu will delete the archive in the internal memory!!!

## 5.8.2. Internal memory

The internal transducer memory is divided into 8,192 pages. Each memory page can store 66 archive data records. Records on the page always begin from the page beginning and occupy the entire space of the page. Each memory page contains 528 bytes. The memory is divided into two areas: the first 8,096 memory pages are for the primary archive memory, whilst the last 96 pages are intended for reserve archive used during the operation of copying of archive to the SD/SDHC card or the file system internal memory. (total memory is 8,096\*528B + 96\*528B = 4,275,312 Bytes).

The beginning of the archive data is defined by the number of the page on which there is the first record of the archive and by the initial byte which defines from which page byte the first record begins. The end of the archive is defined similarly by the number of the page on which there is the last record of the page on which there is the last record of the page and the byte where recording of the next archive record will begin.

Erasing the content of the archive internal memory is done by assigning parameters of the archive end to the archive beginning. Due to this operation, in case of deleting the archive, there is possibility to restore the memory content.

Data in the archive internal memory are stored as records consisting of 8 bytes. The current state of internal memory use can be indicated on the LCD display after selecting the function of displaying the unit with the indication of the internal memory use status at the lower line of LCD display. Table 18 describes the meaning of the internal memory status indicator.

Symbol		<b>1</b> -1	li	<b>"</b> ]	"ł	.1	. I	Ŧ
Percent of internal memory used	87.5100%	7587,5%	62.575%	5062.5%	37.550%	2537.5%	12.525%	012.5%

#### 5.8.2.1. Record structure

All data contained in the internal data memory are stored as records consisting of 8 bytes. The record structure has been presented in the table below.

Table 19

Internal memory record (8 Bytes)											
Recording time (4 Bytes) Data archived in float format (4 Bytes)											
Year- 2010	Month	Day	Hour	Minute	Second						
6 bytes	4 bytes	5 bytes	5 bytes	6 bytes	6 bytes						

*Example 3:* Example of coding a record in the internal memory – e.g. record No. 13 on the page 559

The record no. 13 (rec=13) on the page 559 is read out from the registers 4553 – 4556 (unsigned short registers – 2 bytes, 1 record includes 4 unsigned short registers) after entering the value 559 into the register 4500. The initial register containing the beginning of the record is found on the relationship:  $R_0 = 4501 + rec^*4 = 4553$ .

Table 20

Register	HEX value
4553	0x0170
4554	0xBB95
4555	0xE87C
4556	0xB942

rec = 0x0170BB95E87CB942Data =  $0xE87CB942 \rightarrow (float) \rightarrow 92.743958;$ 

Table 21

	Recording time = $0x0170BB95 \rightarrow b101110000101110010101$																																
	Year + 2010 Month								Day Ho					Hou	r		Minute						Second										
		6 b	ytes				4 b	ytes			5	byt	es			5	byte	es				6 b	ytes			6 bytes				6 bytes			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1		
	(	0 + 3	201	0				5				24			11					46 21													
	10-05-24 11:46																																

Rec: 2010-05-24 11:46:21 92.743958

#### 5.8.2.2. Downloading archived data from the internal memory

Downloading of archive data from the internal memory is performed via the memory card (option) or via the RS-485 interface. Downloading data consists in reading subsequent memory pages containing data records. eCon software enables acquiring individual pages from the internal memory.

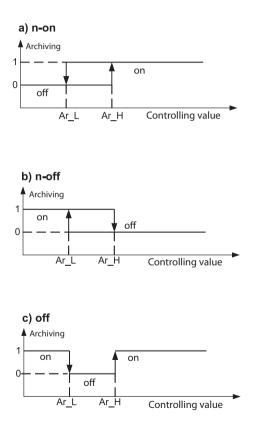
If the transducer has been manufactured in a variant supporting external SD/SDHC cards, then the archive data can automatically be copied to the memory card (this is the fastest method of obtaining archive data). To do this, insert the SD/SDHC card in the transducer slot (contacts facing down) and make sure that the card has been properly mounted (the top right corner of the display shows a card icon []). The percent value of archive use, at which the data will automatically be copied to the card or to the file internal file system memory, must be set. This value is placed in register 7614 or can be changed using menu: Archi ve  $\rightarrow$  Param. SD. For example if "20.0" is entered in register 7614, data will be collected in the internal transducer memory until the use of the internal memory reaches 20%. then the automatic archive copying to the SD/SDHC card or the file system internal memory process will begin. If the percent value of use will be higher, e.g. 99%, then data will be written on the SD/SDHC card less frequently, but the writing process will take longer. Writing data to the card is indicated with a progress bar graph displayed at the lower line of the LCD display. Do not remove the SD/SDHC card from the transducer slot if writing to the card is in progress, because this could lead to data corruption or device reset. Writing can be stopped and the card can be removed once it is unmounted (section 5.3.2).

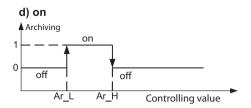
It is also possible, to force archive copy to the SD/SDHC card or file system internal memory at any time by pressing the combination of keys. If the transducer is in the variant with the Ethernet interface, the archive data can be downloaded from the file system memory via the FTP protocol using any FTP client software.

**Note:** If the transducer is connected to the FTP client, then copying the archive data from the internal memory to file system memory is blocked! In order to acquire current data from the archive, disconnect the FTP session and force archive copy (e.g. press keys). After copying is finished connect again transducer with FTP client software.

## 5.8.3. Archiving configuration

 Triggering conditional archiving can be implemented using one of four options presented in figure 25 (n-on, n-off, off, on). Continuous archiving is switched on by selecting the archiving type h-on, and it is switched off by selecting the option h-off.





#### Fig.25. Conditional archiving types

Ar\_L - Lower archiving threshold  $\rightarrow$  0verLoAr  $\rightarrow$  Register 7608 Ar\_H – Upper archiving threshold  $\rightarrow$  0verHi Ar  $\rightarrow$  Register 7609

**Example 4:** Example 4: The transducer is configured for measurement of temperatur - input Pt100 - 200. . 850°C. Conditional archiving of both displayed values triggered by the displayed value level:

Marking on the fig.	Register no.	Parameter symbol in the menu	Register value	Parameter value symbol in the menu
	4064	Arch. Val	0	Di spl Val
	4065	Param.Ar	0	Di spl Val
	4066	Ar. Mode	2	on
Ar_L	7608	OverLoAr	50	35.0
Ar_H	7609	OverHi Ar	60	45.0
	4067	Time Ar	10	10
	4068	Ar. Erase	0	No
	4069	Rec. ToSD	0	No
	7614	Param.SD	99.9	99, 9

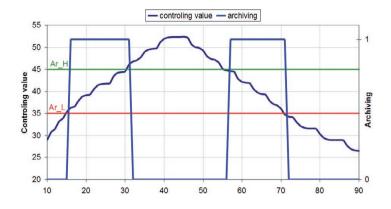


Fig.26. Example operation of on type conditional archiving configured according to the example from table 22 (Archiving "1" means that archiving is switched on).

### 5.8.4. Memory card or internal file system memory (option)

P30U transducers in P30U-X1XXXXXX manufacturing variants support memory cards are compliant with SD and SDHC standard. P30U transducers in P30U-X2XXXXXX manufacturing variants are equipped with a internal file system memory – 8GB memory capacity. FAT and FAT32 file systems are supported. If the memory card is not formatted, it should be formatted in the card reader using a PC. P30U transducer creates folders and files during operation, containing archive data. Before inserting the card into the transducer, check if the card write protection option is not switched on. Do not remove the memory card from the transducer before it is un-

mount (see section 5.3.2.) – unmount the card by pressing the following keys: If a mounted card is removed, the corruption of the data stored on the memory card can be damaged. The memory card status is described in the transducer registers (sections 5.9.6, table 46). Directly after the card is inserted, the card status will be displayed for about 3 seconds on the display, as presented in the below table:

Table 23

Message	Description
Eject SD	Card inserted, but not mounted (unmounted).
SD fail.	Card inserted but the mounting attempt has been unsuccessful.
Unl ockSD	Card inserted and mounted successfully, but write-protec- ted. After write protection is detected, the card is automati- cally unmounted.
SD OK or SDHC OK	Card inserted and mounted successfully.
Full SD	Card inserted and mounted successfully, but it is completely full.
Install.	Card inserted – mounting in progress

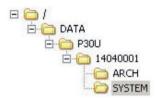
An example number of records on an SD/SDHC card for 1 s archiving period for a single archiving value is the following:

- 64MB card: approx. 1 900 000 records (about 22 days)
- 2 GB card: approx. 60 800 000 records (about. 700 days)

**Note:** It is recommended to use industrial grade minimum class 6 SD/SDHC cards . Consumer grade cards with class 6 write speed can also be used (please note that consumer cards have operating temperature range limited to 0...40°C).



During the operation, the P30U transducer creates folders and files on the SD/SDHC memory card or in the internal file system memory. An example folder structure is shown on fig. 27.



#### Fig.27. Folder structure on the memory card (internal file system)

Apart from the ARCH folder where recorded data are stored, also the SYSTEM folder is created on the memory in which the *start.txt* file is stored to save the date and hour of installation of the memory card (also when starting the device after the power supply has been lost).

Data on the memory card or internal file system memory are stored as files located in folders corresponding to the device name and serial number – see fig. 27. File names correspond to the date of recording and have the following format *XXXX\_YY.Dzz*, where *XXXX*  $\rightarrow$  year, YY  $\rightarrow$  month. Extension of files have following format: Dzz, where "zz" is subsequent number of file from the same month. For example, first archive file in May 2014 will have name: 2014\_05.D00, subsequent file: 2014\_05.D01 etc. There can be created maximum 32 files for each month (\*.D00 ... \*.D31). File number is changed automatically after reaching 12 MB file size if one or two values are recorded Di sp. Val or +2nd Val.

If transducer is configured for recording displayed value, second displayed value and all queried values, the maximum file size is calculated by transducer itself and depends on the number of queried values.

# 5.8.5. Archive file structure

Files containing archive data on an external SD/SDHC card or in the file system internal memory have a column structure, where the subsequent data columns are separated from another by a tab character. The first row contains the column header. Data records are placed in order in rows, and the fields of a given record are separated from one another with a tab character. The view of an example file has been shown in fig. 28.

date	time	D1sp.value	2-nd Disp.val	R8000	R8001	R8002	R8003
2014-04-28 2014-04-28 2014-04-28 2014-04-28 2014-04-28 2014-04-28 2014-04-28 2014-04-28 2014-04-28 2014-04-28 2014-04-28	13:51:32 13:51:33 13:51:35 13:51:35 13:51:35 13:51:37 13:51:39 13:51:39 13:51:40 13:51:41 13:51:42	2,082998e+01 2,082541e+01 2,082083e+01 2,082083e+01 2,084304e+01 2,084304e+01 2,084304e+01 2,084762e+01 2,084762e+01 2,084762e+01	1,164307e-03 2,328614e-03 3,492921e-03 4,657228e-03 5,821535e-03 6,985843e-03 8,15015e-03 9,314456e-03 1,047876e-02 1,164307e-02 1,260786e-02	1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20	1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20	1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20	1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20 1e+20

Fig.28. Example data file

Subsequent fields contained in the row describing the record have the following meaning:

- date date of data recording, "-" character is the date separator
- time hour, minute, second of data registration, ":" character is the time separator
- Disp.Value recorded displayed value of the transducer, the decimal separator depends on the language version set in the transducer menu "," character is the separator in the Polish version;
   "." character is the separator for all other language versions; values are provided in the engineering format
- 2-nd Disp.Val recorded second displayed value of the transducer, the decimal separator depends on the language version set in the transducer menu – "," character is the separator in the Polish version; "." character is the separator for all other language versions; values are provided in the engineering format
- R8000...R8049 recorded registers from range 8000-8049 values querried by transducer with RS-485 interface configured as Master or Moni tor.

# 5.9. RS-485 Interface

The digital programmable P30U transducers are equipped with a serial interface in the RS-485 standard to communicate in computer systems and with other Master devices. Asynchronous character communication protocol MODBUS has been implemented on the serial interface. The transmission protocol describes the methods of information exchange between devices via a serial interface.

### 5.9.1. Serial interface connection

RS-485 standard allows direct connection of up to 32 devices on a single serial link with the length of up to 1200 m (with the baud rate 9600 b/s). In order to connect larger number of devices, it is necessary to use additional intermediate-and-separating systems such as PD51 made by LUMEL S.A. Connection diagram is presented on the Fig. 3. In order to obtain correct transmission, it is necessary to connect the lines A and B in parallel to their equivalents in other devices. Connection should be made with a shielded cable. The cable shield should be connected to the protective terminal as close to the transducer as possible (the shield should be connected to the protective terminal at one point only).

GND line is used for additional protection of the interface line in case of long connections. In such a case, GND signals of all devices on RS-485 bus should be connected.

To obtain a connection with a PC, an RS-485 interface card or an appropriate converter, e.g. PD51 or PD10, is required. The method of connecting devices has been shown on fig. 29.

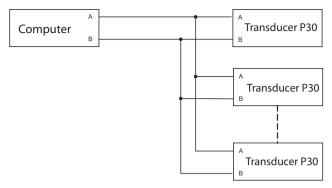


Fig.29. Method of connecting the RS-485 interface

The PC card transmission line marking depends on the card manufacturer.

# 5.9.2. MODBUS protocol description

The implemented protocol complies with Modicon's PI-MBUS-300 Rev G specification. P30U MODBUS protocol serial interface parameters :

- Transducer address 1..247.
- Transmission rate: 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 256000 [b/s].
- Operation mode: RTU with the frame format: 8n2, 8e1, 8o1, 8n1.
- Maximum time to start response: 200 ms (the response time may get longer up to 500ms during saving the data to the SD/SDHC card).

Serial interface configuration consists of setting the transmission rate, device address and the information unit format – protocol. Note: Each transducer connected to the communication network must have:

- unique address, different from addresses of other devices connected to the network,
- identical baud rate and type of information unit.

## 5.9.3. Description of the implemented functions

The following MODBUS protocol functions have been implemented in P30U transducers:

- 03 (03h) Read Holding Registers
- 04 (04h) Read Input Registers
- 06 (06h) Write Single Register
- 16 (10h) Write Multiple registers
- 17 (11h) Report Slave ID
- 43 (2Bh) Encapsulated Interface Transport

### Read Holding Registers (code 03h)

*Example 5.* Reading two float(32 bits) registers, first register address is 1DB0h (7600), register values (7600, 7601): 10.0, 100.0.

#### **Request:**

Device address	Fun- ction	Regi addı		Nun of reg	CRC	
		B1	B0	B1	B0	
01h	03h	1Dh	B0h	00h	02h	C380h

Table 25

ess	inction	ber tes	F	Registe 1DB0 (		9	Register value 1DB1 (7601)				
Devi addr			B3	B3 B2 B1 B0			B3	B2	B1	B0	CRC
01h	03h	08h	41h	20h	00h	00h	42h	C8h	00h	00h	E46Fh

*Example 6:* Example 8. Reading two float 32-bit registers (7501,7502) located in 2x2 following 16-bit registers (7002, 7003, 7004, 7005), first register address is 1B5Ah (7002) – 32-bit register values: 25.68, 20.25.

**Request:** 

Table 26

Device address	Fun- ction	Regi addi		Nun of reg		CRC
address	ction	B1	B0	B1	B0	
01h	03h	1Bh	5Ah	00h	04h	62FEh

Response:

Device address	Function	of bytes	va 1B	ister lue 5A h 102)	va 1B	Register value 1B5Bh (7003)		Register value 1B5Ch (7004)		ister lue 5Dh 05)	CRC
add	Fun	Number		Registe (32 bit)					er 7502 ) value		
		z	B3	B2	B1	B0	B3 B2		B1	B0	
01h	03h	08h	41h	CDh	70h	A4h	41h	A2h	00h	00h	83D0h

Device Funaddress of registers address ction B1 B0 B1 B0

17h

Register

value

**B1** 

41h

B2

A4h

01h

03h

01h

Resp	onse	:				Tab	le 29
Device address	Function	of bytes	Register value 1772h (6002)	Register value 1773h (6003)	Register value 1774h (6004)	Register value 1775h (6005)	CRO
add	Fun	lber	Register 75	501 (32 bit)	Register 7	502 (32 bit)	

B0

CDh

B3

00h

72h

Write	Single	Register	(code 06h)
-------	--------	----------	------------

B3

70h

03h

Number of

08h

Example 8. Example 10. Writing value "543" to the register 0FA1h (4001)

Table 30

Device	Fun-	Regi addı		Nun of reg	CRC	
address	ction	B1	B0	B1	B0	
01h	06h	0Fh	A1h	02h	1Fh	9B94h

Table 28

CRC

E1A6h

CRC

E411h

Example 7. Reading two float 32-bit registers (7501,7502) located in 2x2 following 16-bit registers (6002, 6003, 6004, 6005), first register address is 1772h (6002) - 32-bit register values: 25.68. 20.25.

Number

04h

Register 7502 (32 bit) value

**B1** 

41h

B0 A2h

B2

00h

00h

#### Response:

Device	Fun-	addı	ress	of reg	CRC			
address	ction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01h	06h	0Fh	A1h	02h	1Fh	9B94h		

Number

Register

#### Write Multiple registers (code 10h)

*Example 9.* Writing value "20" and "200" to registers 1DB0h (7600) and 1DB1h (7601)

Request:

address	ç	Function Register address.Hi Register address.Lo		registers Hi	isters Lo	bytes		Registe 1DB0			Reg	ister v (76		DB1	
Device add	Function		Register add	Number of reg	Number of regi	Number of	B1	BO	В3	B2	B1	B0	В3	B2	CRC
01h	10h	1Dh	B0h	00h	02h	08h	41h	A0h	00h	00h	43h	48h	00h	00h	C9E2h

Response:

Table 33

Table 32

Device	Fun-	Regi addı		Nun of reg	CRC	
address	ction	B1	B0	B1	B0	
01h	10h	1Dh	B0h	00h	02h	4643h

### Report Slave ID (code 11h)

Example 10. Report slave ID

#### Request:

Device address	Function	CRC
01h	11h	C02Ch

ess		ytes	ytes ) te		Devi	ice-dependent field	
Device address	Function	Number of bytes	Device ID	Device state	Firm- ware v 2.00	Registers 4304, 4305 describing the serial number and hardware configuration of the transducer (serial no 13100001)	CRC
01h	11h	08h	C1h	FFh	02h 00h	A0h 01h 6Ch 0Dh	69FCh

Device-dependent field – 4 bytes corresponding to register value 4304, 4305 see table 41 manufacturing status 1, manufacturing status 2.

### 5.9.4. Register map

In the P30U transducer the data is stored in 16- and 32-bit registers. The process variables and parameters of the device are stored in the different address space depending on the variable type. The bits in the 16-bit registers are numbered from the least significant to the most significant (b0 ... b15). The 32-bit registers (4 Bytes) contain floating-point values in IEEE-754 standard. Bytes sequence: B3 B2 B1 B0 – the most significant byte is sent as the first one. 16-bit registers which represents 32-bit values on a two following registers are multiplied at different address field with different bytes (word) order: B1 B0 B3 B2 (table. 36).

Register map of the P30U transducer is shown in table 36.

**Note:** All the given addresses are physical addresses. In some computer programs logical addressing is applied, then the addresses should be increased by 1.

Address range	Value type	Description
4000 - 4127	integer (16 bits)	The value is located in the 16-bit register
4300 - 4325	integer (16 bits)	The value is located in the 16-bit register
4400 - 4439	integer (16 bits)	The value is located in the 16-bit register
4500 - 4764	integer (16 bits)	The value is located in the 16-bit register
6000-6075	float (32 bits)	The value is located in two following 16-bit regi- sters. Registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers from the area 7500-7537. Registers are readout type only. Byte order (B1, B0, B3, B2)
7000 -7075	float (32 bits)	The value is located in two following 16-bit regi- sters. Registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers from the area 7500-7537. Registers are readout type only. Byte order (B3, B2, B1, B0)
6200-6337	float (32 bits)	The value is located in two following 16-bit regi- sters. Registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers from the area 7600-7719. Registers can be read and written. Byte order (B1, B0, B3, B2)
7200-7337	float (32 bits)	The value is located in two following 16-bit regi- sters. Registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers from the area 7600-7719. Registers can be read and written. Byte order (B3, B2, B1, B0)
7500-7537	float (32 bits)	The value is located in the 32-bit register. Regi- sters contain measured and calculated data by the transducer. Registers are readout type only. Byte order (B3, B2, B1, B0)

7600-7668	float (32 bits)	The value is located in the 32-bit register. Registers can be read and written. Byte order (B3,B2,B1,B0)
8000-8049	float (32 bits)	The value is located in the 32-bit register. Registers can be read and written. Byte order (B3,B2,B1,B0)
8100-8199	float (32 bits)	The value is located in two following 16-bit regi- sters. Registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers from the area 8000-8099. Registers can be read and written. Byte order (B3, B2, B1, B0)
8200-8299	float (32 bits)	The value is located in two following 16-bit regi- sters. Registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers from the area 8000-8099. Registers can be read and written. Byte order (B1, B0, B3, B2)

# 5.9.5. Read and Write registers

Register address (16 bit registers)	Name	Write(w)/ read (r)	Range	Default value		Description
4000	Input	w/ r	034	22		Input type
		ſ			Value	
					0	reserved
					1	Voltage -1010V
					2	Voltage -2424V
					3	Current -2020mA
					4	Resistance 0400Ω
					5	Resistance 02000Ω
					6	Resistance 05500Ω
					7	Pt100 -200850 °C
					8	Pt250 -200600 °C
					9	Pt250 -200850 °C
					10	Pt500 -200180 °C
					11	Pt500 -200850 °C
					12	Pt1000 -200250 °C
					13	Pt1000 -200850 °C
					14	Ni100 -60180 °C
					15	Ni1000 -60150 °C
					16	Ni100-LG -60180 °C

				17	Ni1000-LG -60180 °C
				18	Cu100 -50180 °C
				19	Voltage -520mV
				20	Voltage -7575mV
				21	Voltage -200200mV
				22	Thermocouple J 0400°C
				23	Thermocouple J -2001200°C
				24	Thermocouple K 0400°C
				25	Thermocouple K -2001370°C
				26	Thermocouple S 01760°C
				27	Thermocouple N -20420°C
				28	Thermocouple N -2001300°C
				29	Thermocouple E -40260°C
				30	Thermocouple E -2001000°C
				31	Thermocouple R 01760°C
				32	Thermocouple T -200400°C
				33	Thermocouple B 4001800°C
				34	RS-485 mode
AvgTi me	w/ r	7520000	1000	Averaç	jing time of the measured value [ms]
Point No	w/ r	121	1	For th switch ristic a	er of individual characteristics pointst. e value of 1 individual characteristic is ed off. Sections of individual characte- are defined with Xn and Yn parameters, n – point number.
Compens.	w/ r	01	1	- cold	ensation type of: i junction temperature for thermocouples is resistance for measuring resistance temperature from thermistor sensors
				Value	Description
				1	Automatic compensation
				0	Manual compensation (compensation value should be written into 7668 register)
	Point No	Point No W/ Compens. W/	Point No W/ 121 Compens. W/ 01	r         r         r           Point No         w/ r         121         1           Compens.         w/         01         1	Number         Number           Number

4004	EraseExt	w/ r	03	0		minimum and maximum values with time ate of occurrence on the main input
					Value	Description
					0	without changes
					1	erasing minimum value
					2	erasing maximum value
					3	erasing minimum and maximum value
4005	No.OfErr	w/ r	010	2	answe	er of acceptable errors in modbus RS-485 rs when transducers interface works ster mode
4006	Math Fun	w/	05	0	Value	Description
		r			0	Mathematical functions on main input switched off
					1	Square of measured value
					2	Square of measured value
					3	Inverse of measured value
					4	Inverse square of measured value
					5	Inverse square root of measured value
4007	Medi an	w/ r	150	3	Numbe	er of median filter samples
4008 4016		w/ r			RESE	RVED
4017		w/	01	0	Erase	transducer status registers
		r			Value	Description
					0	without changes
					1	erasing status register
4018	Dec. P 2	w/ r	04	0		um decimal point of the second displayed (Value displayed on the lower line of LCD)
					Value	Description
					0	0.0000
					1	00.000
					2	000.00
					3	0000.0
					4	00000

4019	Bckl.Int	w/	110	7	Value	Descripti	on			
		r			1	LCD disp backlight		cklight 10	0% of	maximum
					10	LCD dis mum bac		acklight	100%	of maxi-
4020	Unit.	w/	057	1	Displa	yed unit				
		r			Value	Unit	Value	Unit	Value	Unit
					0		20	kVAh	40	szt
					1	V	21	MVAh	41	imp
					2	А	22	Hz	42	rps
					3	mV	23	kHz	43	m/s
					4	kV	24	Ω	44	l/s
					5	mA	25	kΩ	45	obr/mi
					6	kA	26	°C	46	rpm
					7	W	27	٩F	47	mm∕mi n
					8	kW	28	к	48	m∕min
					9	MW	29	%	49	l∕min
					10	var	30	%RH	50	m³∕mi n
					11	kvar	31	рН	51	szt/h
					12	Mvar	32	kg	52	m/h
					13	VA	33	bar	53	km/h
					14	kVA	34	m	54	m <sup>3</sup> ∕h
					15	MVA	35	I	55	kg/h
					16	kWh	36	s	56	I∕h
					17	MWh	37	h		
					18	kVarh	38	m <sup>3</sup>	57	User defined
					19	MVarh	39	obr		

4021	Deci mal P	w/ r	04	0		um decimal point of the displayed value ay format.
					Value	Description
					0	0.0000
					1	00.000
					2	000.00
					3	0000.0
					4	00000
4022	Bckl i ght	w/ r	061	61	LCD d	isplay backlight time
					Value	Description
					0	always off
					160	active for 160 seconds
					61	always on
4023	Unit 2	w/ r	057	0	Secon registe	d displayed value unit, values similar to r 4020
4024	Di sp. Reg	w/ r	065535	7515	of the value	er of register displayed at the lower line display display (to display float register ocated in 16 bit registers, enter the corre- ng 32 bit register number)
4025		w/ r	01	0	Clearin	ng alarm indicating on LED 's (A1, A2)
4026	Param. A1	w/	03	0	Alarm	1 control input value
					Value	Description
					0	displayed value – value calculated from the main input
					1	value calculated from the auxiliary input
					2	Real Time Clock

4027	Тур А1			0	Alarm	1 type (description – section 5.5.3.)	
					Value	Description	
					0	n-on	
					1	n-off	
					2	on	
					3	off	
					4	h-on	
					5	h-off	
4028	DI y0nA1	w/ r	0900	0	Alarm	1 activation delay (s)	
4029	DI yOffA1	w/ r	0900	0	Alarm	1 deactivation delay (s)	
4030	0nLockA1	w/ r	0900	0	Alarm 1 reactivation delay (s)		
4031	SgKeepA1	w/	01	1	Alarm	1 indication mode	
					Value	Description	
					0	alarm occurrence is indicated using A1 LED, alarm deactivation switches off A1 LED	
					1	alarm occurrence is indicated using A1 LED, alarm deactivation causes blinking of A1 LED until the alarm is reconfigured or cleared with key combination	
4032		w/ r			RESE	RVED	
4033	Param. A2	w/	03	0	Alarm	2 control input value	
					Value	Description	
					0	displayed value – value measured and calculated from the input	
					1	Real Time Clock	
					2	the second displayed value – Value set as Di sp. Reg parameter	

4034	Тур А2			0	Alarm	2 type (Description – section 5.5.3.)
					Value	Description
					0	n-on
					1	n-off
					2	on
					3	off
					4	h-on
					5	h-off
4035	DI y0nA2	w/ r	0900	0	Alarm	2 activation delay (s)
4036	OpoWyI A2	w/ r	0900	0	Alarm	2 deactivation delay (s)
4037	0poPonA2	w/ r	0900	0	Alarm	2 reactivation delay (s)
4038	PodSygA2	w/	01	1	Alarm	2 indication mode
		'			Value	Description
					0	alarm occurrence is indicated using A2 LED, alarm deactivation switches off A2 LED
					1	alarm occurrence is indicated using A2 LED, alarm deactivation causes blinking of A2 LED until the alarm is reconfigured or cleared with key
4039		w/ r			RESE	RVED
4040	Param. An	w/	01	0	Value	which controls analog output
		'			Value	Description
					0	displayed value – value measured calcu- lated from the input
					1	Real Time Clock
					2	the second displayed value - Value set as Di sp. Reg parameter

4041	0verServ	w/	01	0	Analog	g output overflow management
					Value	Description
					0	Switched off
					1	Switched on
4042	Mode	w/ r	02	0	RS-48	5 interface working mode
		1			0	RS-485 interface works in modbus Slave mode, transducer waits for requ- ests and responds on request adressed to its address
					1	Transducer monitors trafic on RS-485 interface and acts on data other devices transmitt
					2	RS-485 interface works in modbus Master mode, transducer sends requests and waits for reply from Slave device
4043	Address	w/ r	0247	1	RS-48 Enter (	5 MODBUS network address. 0 to switch off the interface.
4044	ModeUni t	w/	03	0	RS-48	5 interface transmission mode
					0	RTU 8N2
					1	RTU 8E1
					2	RTU 801
					3	RTU 8N1
4045	BaudRate	w/	07	1	RS-48	5 interface transmission baudrate
					Value	Description
					0	4800 bit/s
					1	9600 bit/s
					2	19200 bit/s
					3	38400 bit/s
					4	57600 bit/s
					5	115200 bit/s
					6	230400 bit/s
					7	256000 bit/s

4046	Mast. Fun	w/	01	0	Select	ion of mod	bus Master function
		r			0	function	0x03
					1	function	0x04
4047		w/ r			RESE	RVED	
4048	AnswTime	w/ r	105000	1000			ponse time of the device working itor RS-485 interface mode [ms]
4049	Val Type	w/ r	012	6			nonitored values in either or RS-485 interface mode
					char	8	char type value (8 bits with sign)
					uchar	8	<b>unsigned char</b> type value (8 bits without sign)
					short	16	short type value (16 bits with sign)
					usho	rt16	<b>unsigned short</b> type value (16 bits without sign)
					l ong	32	long type value (32 bits with sign)
					ul on	g 32	<b>unsigned long</b> type value (32 bits without sign)
					fl t	32	float type value (32 bits, floating point value with sign)
					sfl t	2x16	swapped float type value, 32 bits floating point value placed on two 16-bit registers (Byte order 3,2,1,0)
					flt	2x16	float type value, 32 bits floating point value placed on two 16- bit registers (Byte order 1,0,3,2)
					Ing	2x16	<b>long</b> type value (32 bits with sign) placed on two 16-bit registers, (Byte order 1,0,3,2)
					sl ng	2x16	swapped long type value (32 bits with sign) placed on two 16-bit registers, (Byte order 3,2,1,0)
					ul ng	2x16	<b>unsigned long</b> type value (32 bits without sign) pla- ced on two 16-bit registers, (Byte order 1,0,3,2)
					uSI n	2x16	unsigned swapped long type value (32 bits without sign) placed on two 16-bit registers, (Byte order 3,2,1,0)

4050	Base. Reg	w/ r	065535	7510	Number of polled / monitored base register in Master / Monitor mode of RS-485 interface		
4051	No. ofVal	w/ r	050	1	Number of polled values in Master / Monitor mode of RS-485 interface		
4052	Interw.	w/ r	136000	10	Polling	interval in Master RS-485 mode	
4053		w/ r	01	0	Update entere	e transmission parameters. Accepts d RS-485 interface settings.	
4054	Language	w/	03	0	Transo	lucer menu language:	
		r			Value	Description	
					0	Polish	
					1	English	
					2	German	
					3	French	
4055	Fabr. Par	w/	01	0	Restor	e default settings	
		r			Value	Description	
					0	without changes	
					1	restore default settings	
4056	Securi ty	w/	09999	0	Passw	ord for changing parameters from menu	
		r			Value	Description	
					0	without changes	
						Entering parameter edition mode prompts for password	
4057	Ti me	w/	02359	-	Currer	nt time – hour, minute	
		r			hh – h value to 59.	parameter uses hhmm format, where: lours, mm – minutes. Wrong hour will set to 23 and wrong minutes will set value Register 4055 is cleared after writing ster 4057	
4058		w/ r	060	-	Current time - seconds		
4059		r	0100	-	Current time – seconds		
4060	Date	w/ r	1011231	-	Currer	nt date in format month *100 + day	

4061		w/ r	2001 2099	-	Currer	it year in YYYY format
4062		w/	01	0	Auto cl	hange of summer/winter time and vice versa
		r			Value	Description
					0	Switched off
					1	Switched on
4063		w/ r		-	RESE	RVED
4064	Arch. Val	w/ r	02	0	Note:	archived values changing register value clears the archive nternal memory!!!
					Value	Description
					0	displayed value only – value calculated from the main input
					1	displayed value and second displayed value
					2	displayed value, second displayed value and all quired registers in Master or Moni tor RS-485 mode
4065	Param. Ar	w/ r	02	0	Type o archivi	of input value which controls conditional ng
					Value	Description
					0	displayed value – value calculated from the main input
					1	time
					2	the second displayed value
4066	Ar. Mode	w/ r	05	5	Archiv section	ing triggering condition (Description – n.5.8)
					Value	Description
					0	n-on
					1	n-off
					2	on
					3	off
					4	h-on
					5	h-off

4067	Time Ar	w/ r	13600	10	Archiv	ing period (s)	
4068	Ar. Erase	w/ r	01	0	Erasing internal archive		
4069	Rec. ToSD	w/ r	01	0	(variar	internal archive into SD/SDHC card at P30U-X1XXXXXX) or into internal file a memory (variant P30U-X2XXXXX)	
					Value	Description	
					0	without changes	
					1	start copying the archive	
4070 4076		w/ r		-	RESE	RVED	
4077		w/	02	0	Value	Description	
		r			0	without changes	
					1	write the transducer configuration to <i>P30U PAR.CON</i> file on the external SD/SDHC card or on the internal file system memory	
					2	read the transducer configuration from <b>P30U_PAR.CON</b> file stored on the exter- nal SD/SDHC card or on the nternal file system memory	
4078 4079		w/ r		-	RESE	RVED	
4080	EthStdPa	w/	01	0	Ethern	et interface default settings	
		r			Value	Description	
					0	without changes	
					1	Restore default Ethernet interface para- meters	
4081	addrl P32	w/ r	065535	49320	IP add	and second byte (B3.B2) of transducer's ress, value displayed in a decimal format, ddress format: B3.B2.B1.B0	
4082	addrl P10	w/ r	065535	286	First and zero byte (B1.B0) of transducer's IP address, value displayed in a decimal format, IPv4 address format: B3.B2.B1.B0		
4083	mask 32	w/ r	065535	65535	subnet	and second byte (B3.B2) of transducer's t mask, value displayed in decimal format, format: B3.B2.B1.B0	

4084	mask 10	w/ r	065535	65280	First and zero byte (B1.B0) of transducer's sub- net mask, value displayed in a decimal format, mask format: B3.B2.B1.B0		
4085	MAC 54	0	065535	-	Fifth and fourth byte (B5.B4) of transducer's MAC address, value displayed in a decimal format; format B5:B4:B3:B2:B1:B0		
4086	MAC 32	0	065535	-	MAC	and second byte (B3.B2) of transducer's address, value displayed in a decimal ; format B5:B4:B3:B2:B1:B0	
4087	MAC 10	0	065535	-	addres	nd zero byte (B1.B0) of transducer's MAC ss, value displayed in a decimal format; B5:B4:B3:B2:B1:B0	
4088	gate 32	w/ r	065535	49320	default	and second byte (B3.B2) of transducer's t gateway, value displayed in a decimal for- ateway address format: B3.B2.B1.B0	
4089	gate 10	w/ r	065535	257	gatewa	nd zero byte (B1.B0) of transducer's default ay, value displayed in a decimal format, gate- ldress format: B3.B2.B1.B0	
4090	DHCP	w/ r	01	1	tic trar to a r	ing DHCP client on/off (enables automa- isducer configuration which is connected network so it can communicate on that rk using the Internet Protocol IP)	
					Value	Description	
					0	DHCP switched off – manually configu- re transducer's IP address and subnet mask;	
					1	DHCP switched on, after powering on or selecting from menu option ReI ni tEt the transducer will receive IP address, subnet mask and gateway address from the DHCP server, the gateway address will be the address of the server that assigned parameters to the transducer;	
4091	LnkSpeed	w/	02	0	Ethern	et interface transmission rate	
		r			Value	Description	
					0	automatic	
					1	10 Mb/s	
					2	100 Mb/s	
4092	p. comFTP	w/ r	2065535	21	FTP server command port number		
4093	Port FTP	w/ r	2065535	1025	FTP se	erver data port number	

4094	no. c. TCP	w/ r	14	4	Maximum number of simultaneous connections with Modbus TCP/IP service			
4095	Ti meMbus	w/ r	10600	60	Modbus TCP/IP service port closing time, the value is given in seconds			
4096	AddrmTCP	w/ r	0255	1	Device	address for Modbus TCP/IP protocol		
4097	PortMbus	w/ r	065535	502	Modbus TCP/IP port number			
4098	PortHTTP	w/ r	8065535	80	HTTP server port number			
4099	Rel ni tEt	w/	01	0	Apply	a new Ethernet interface parameters		
		1			Value	Description		
					0	without changes		
					1 save a new Ethernet interface parameter and reinitialize the Ethernet interface			
4100 4127		w/ r			RESE	RVED		

#### Table 38

$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Register address} \\ \mbox{(16 bit registers,} \\ \mbox{(1 \leq n \leq 5)} \end{array}$	Write(w) /read(r)	Range	Default value	Description
4400+8*(n-1)	w/r	031	-	Filling custom unit character n of line 1 (section 5.5.4.1.)
4401+8*(n-1)	w/r	031	-	Filling custom unit character n of line 2 (section 5.5.4.1.)
4402+8*(n-1)	w/r	031	-	Filling custom unit character n of line 3 (section 5.5.4.1.)
4403+8*(n-1)	w/r	031	-	Filling custom unit character n of line 4 (section 5.5.4.1.)
4404+8*(n-1)	w/r	031	-	Filling custom unit character n of line 5 (section 5.5.4.1.)
4405+8*(n-1)	w/r	031	-	Filling custom unit character n of line 6 (section 5.5.4.1.)
4406+8*(n-1)	w/r	031	-	Filling custom unit character n of line 7 (section 5.5.4.1.)
4407+8*(n-1)	w/r	031	-	Filling custom unit character n of line 8 (section 5.5.4.1.)

Register address (16 bit regi- sters)	Write (w) /read (r)	Range	Default value	Description
4500	w/r	08096	0	Number of memory page that user want to download. Writing page number
4501	r	065535	-	Two first data bytes from the page indicated by register 4500
4502	r	065535	-	Two consecutive bytes
			-	
4764	r	065535	-	Two last memory page bytes (byte 526 and 527)

						Table 40
Value located in two following 16 bit registers. These registers contain identical data as 32 bit registers from 7600 range	Value located in 32 bit registers	Symbol	Write (w) /read (r)	Range	Default value	Description
62006203 /72007203	7600				-	RESERVED
6204/7204	7602	Over Lo	w/ r	-999999 99999	-99999	Lower display range threshold
6206/7206	7603	Over Hi	w/ r	-999999 99999	99999	Upper display range threshold
6208/7208	7604	OverLoA1	w/ r	-999999 99999	0	Lower alarm 1 thres- hold
6210/7210	7605	OverHi A1	w/ r	-999999 99999	20	Upper alarm 1 thres- hold
6212/7212	7606	OverLoA2	w/ r	-999999 99999	0	Lower alarm 2 thres- hold
6214/7214	7607	OverHi A2	w/ r	-999999 99999	20	Upper alarm 2 thres- hold
6216/7216	7608	OverLoAr	w/ r	-99999 99999	0	Archive lower thres- hold
6218/7218	7609	OverHi Ar	w/ r	-999999 99999	20	Archive upper thres- hold

6220/7220	7610	Anl n Lo	w/ r	-999999 99999	0	Analog output indi- vidual characteristic – lower input thres- hold
6222/7222	7611	Anl n Hi	w/ r	-999999 999999	100	Analog output indi- vidual characteristic – upper input thres- hold
6224/7224	7612	AnOut Lo	w/ r	-2424	0	Analog output indi- vidual characteristic – lower output thres- hold
6226/7226	7613	AnOut Hi	w/ r	-2424	20	Analog output indi- vidual characteri- stic – upper output threshold
6228/7228	7614	Param.SD	w/ r	5 95	50	Percent of internal archive use which triggers automatic copying to SD/ SDHC card
62306243/ 72307243	<sup>7615</sup> 7621		w/ r			RESERVED
6244/7244	7622	X1	w/ r	-999999 999999	0	Individual characteri- stic point (measured value) Point no. 1.
6246/7246	7623	Y1	w/ r	-999999 99999	0	Expected value for point no.1.
6248/7248	7624	X2	w/ r	-999999 99999	100	Individual characte- ristic point no. 2.
6250/7250	7625	Y2	w/ r	-999999 99999	100	Expected value for point no.2.
6252/7252	7626	Х3	w/ r	-999999 99999	200	Individual characte- ristic point no. 3.
6254/7254	7627	Y3	w/ r	-999999 99999	200	Expected value for point no.3.

6256/7256	7628	X4	w/ r	-99999 99999	300	Individual characte- ristic point no. 4.
6258/7258	7629	Y4	w/ r	-999999 99999	300	Expected value for point no.4.
6260/7260	7630	X5	w/ r	-999999 99999	400	Individual characte- ristic point no. 5.
6262/7262	7631	Y5	w/ r	-999999 99999	400	Expected value for point no.5.
6264/7264	7632	Х6	w/ r	-999999 99999	500	Individual characte- ristic point no. 6
6266/7266	7633	Y6	w/ r	-999999 99999	500	Expected value for point no.6.
6268/7268	7634	Х7	w/ r	-999999 99999	600	Individual characte- ristic point no. 7.
6270/7270	7635	Y7	w/ r	-999999 99999	600	Expected value for point no.7.
6272/7272	7636	X8	w/ r	-999999 99999	700	Individual characte- ristic point no. 8.
6274/7274	7637	Y8	w/ r	-999999 99999	700	Expected value for point no.8.
6276/7276	7638	Х9	w/ r	-999999 99999	800	Individual characte- ristic point no. 9.
6278/7278	7639	Y9	w/ r	-999999 99999	800	Expected value for point no.9.
6280/7280	7640	X10	w/ r	-999999 99999	900	Individual characte- ristic point no. 10.
6282/7282	7641	Y10	w/ r	-999999 99999	900	Expected value for point no.10.
6284/7284	7642	X11	w/ r	-999999 99999	1000	Individual characte- ristic point no. 11.
6286/7286	7643	Y11	w/ r	-999999 99999	1000	Expected value for point no.11.
6288/7288	7644	X12	w/ r	-999999 99999	1100	Individual characte- ristic point no. 12.

6290/7290	7645	Y12	w/ r	-99999 99999	1100	Expected value for point no.12.
6292/7292	7646	X13	w/ r	-999999 99999	1200	Individual characte- ristic point no. 13.
6294/7294	7647	Y13	w/ r	-999999 99999	1200	Expected value for point no.13.
6296/7296	7648	X14	w/ r	-999999 99999	1300	Individual characte- ristic point no. 14.
6298/7298	7649	Y14	w/ r	-99999 99999	1300	Expected value for point no.14.
6300/7300	7650	X15	w/ r	-999999 99999	1400	Individual characte- ristic point no. 15.
6302/7302	7651	Y15	w/ r	-999999 99999	1400	Expected value for point no.15.
6304/7304	7652	X16	w/ r	-999999 99999	1500	Individual characte- ristic point no. 16.
6306/7306	7653	Y16	w/ r	-999999 99999	1500	Expected value for point no.16.
6308/7308	7654	X17	w/ r	-999999 99999	1600	Individual characte- ristic point no. 17.
6310/7310	7655	Y17	w/ r	-999999 99999	1600	Expected value for point no.17.
6312/7312	7656	X18	w/ r	-999999 99999	1700	Individual characte- ristic point no. 18.
6314/7314	7657	Y18	w/ r	-999999 99999	1700	Expected value for point no.18.
6316/7316	7658	X19	w/ r	-999999 99999	1800	Individual characte- ristic point no. 19.
6318/7318	7659	Y19	w/ r	-999999 99999	1800	Expected value for point no.19.
6320/7320	7660	X20	w/ r	-999999 99999	1900	Individual characte- ristic point no. 20.
6322/7322	7661	Y20	w/ r	-999999 99999	1900	Expected value for point no.20.

6324/7324	7662	X21	w/ r	-999999 99999	2000	Individual characte- ristic point no. 21.
6326/7326	7663	Y21	w/ r	-999999 99999	2000	Expected value for point no.21.
6328/7328	7664	Ovrln Lo	w/ r	-999999 99999	0	Input signal thres- hold value for lower overflow
6330/7330	7665	Ovrln Hi	w/ r	-999999 999999	20	Input signal thres- hold value for upper overflow
6332/7332	7666	0vr0utLo	w/ r	-2424	0	Lower output over- flow
6334/7334	7667	0vr0utHi	w/ r	-2424	0	Upper output over- flow
6336/7336	7668	Comp. Val	w/ r	-99999 99999	0	Terminal tempera- ture or resistance of cords (depending on the selected type of input) in case of se- lecting the manual compensation trans- ducer mode

					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Value located in two following 16 bit registers. These regi- sters contain identical data as 32 bit registers from 8000 range	Value located in 32 bit registers	Name	Write (w) / Read (r)	Unit	Name value
8100/8200	8000		w/r		Value of the first read out by the transducer working in Master or Moni tor RS-485 in- terface mode
8102/8202	8001		w/r		Value of the 2-th read out by the transducer working in Master or Moni tor RS-485 interface mode
8104/8204	8002		w/r		Value of the 3-th read out by the transducer working in Master or Moni tor RS-485 in- terface mode
81068197/ 82068297	8003 8049		w/r		Value of the n-th read out by the transducer working in Master or Monitor RS-485 interface mode
8198/8298	8049		w/r		Value of the 50-th read out by the transducer working in Master or Monitor RS-485 interface mode

## 5.9.6. Read-only registers

Table 4
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Register address (16 bit registers)	Write (w)/ read (r)	Range	Description			
4300	r	099999	Firmware	version	* 100	
4301	r	065535	Transducer status 1. Describes the current transdu- cer status. The consecutive bits represent a given event. Bit set to 1 means that the event has taken place. Events can only be cleared.			
			Bit15	31	Loss of calibration parameters	
			Bit14	30	RTC – loss of presets – battery error	
			Bit13	29	Clock – change of winter/sum- mer time	
			Bit12	28	No communication with data memory	
			Bit11	27	Wrong settings	
			Bit10	26	Default settings have been restored	
			Bit9	25	Measurement range overflow	
			Bit8	24	Error in communication with internal archive memory	
			Bit7	23	Archive parameters error	
			Bit6	22	ADC converter error	
			Bit5	21	100% use of the internal memory archive	

			Bit4	20	Default settings must be restored after firmware update		
			Bit3	19	Wrong configuration of the indi- vidual characteristic		
			Bit2	18	Settings have been read from file on the SD/SDHC card		
			Bit1	17	Wrong settings file or file is missing		
			Bit0	16	not used		
4302	r	065535	Transducer status 2. Describes the current transdu- cer status. The consecutive bits represent a given event. Bit set to 1 means that the event has taken place. Events can only be cleared.				
			Bit15 not used				
			Bit14	not use	d		
			Bit13	not use	d		
			Bit12	not used			
			Bit11	not use	d		
			Bit10	not use	d		
			Bit9	t9 not used			
			Bit8	not use	d		
			Bit7	not use	d		
			Bit6 Analog output overflow managem switched on				
			Bit5	LED2 –	Alarm 2 indication		
			Bit4	LED1 –	Alarm 1 indication		
			Bit3	not use	d		
			Bit2	not use	d		
			Bit1	Alarm 2	? relay status		
			Bit0	Alarm 1	relay status		

4303	r	05	Status of internal n	the SD/SDHC memory card or file system nemory
			Value	Description
			0	No card inserted or internal file system memory error
			1	Card inserted, but not mounted (unmoun- ted) or internal file system memory error.
			2	Card inserted, but unmounted or internal file system memory error.
			3	Card is mounted but protected against writing
			4	Card inserted and mounted successfully or internal file system memory is ready for operation
			5	Card inserted and mounted successfully, but memory is full or file system memory is full.
			6	Card installation in progress or internal file system memory initialization in pro- gress
4304	r		Manufacturing status 1	
			Bit15 Bit0	16 least significant bits of the serial number(serial number consists of 21 bits (registers 4304, 4305)and has the follo- wing structure: bits 2116 – year $(063)$ – in register 4305 bits 1512 – month $(012)$ bits 110 – consecutive number (14095)
4305	r		Manufact	uring status 2
			Bit15 Bit6	RESERVED
			Bit5 Bit0	bits 2116 of the serial number – year (063)

4306	r		RESERVED
4307	r	08192	Memory page specifying the beginning of the internal archive
4308	r	08192	Memory page specifying the end of the internal archive
4309	r	0527	Byte specifying the beginning of the archive. Value in the register specifies from which byte of the archi- ve beginning page the archive beginning is.
4310	r	0527	Byte specifying the end of the archive. Value in the register indicates the following byte after which the next archive record will be written.
4311 4322	r	015	RESERVED
4323	r	09999	Bootloader version * 100

Table 43
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Value located in two following 16 bit re- gisters. These registers contain identical data as 32 bit registers from 7500 range	Value located in 32 bit registers	Name	Write (w) /read (r)	Unit	Description
6000/7000	7500	ldentifier	r	-	Constant defining the device. Value "193" means P30U transducer.
6002/7002	7501	Status	r	-	Register describes the cur- rent transducer status - value of 4302 register "Status no 2".
6004/7004	7502	Analog out- put state	r	%	Register specifies analog output percentage state.
6006/7006	7503	Minimum	r	-	Minimum value of the displayed value
6008/7008	7504	Maximum	r	-	Maximum value of the displayed value
6010/7010	7505	Displayed value	r	-	Current displayed value
6012/7012	7506	Current time	r	-	Current time
6014/7014	7507	Date - year	r	YYYY	Current date – year
6016/7016	7508	Month, day	r	MMDD	Current date – month, day
6018/7018	7509	Wypełnienie archiwum	r	%	Current use state of the inter- nal archive memory

6020/7020	7510	Measured value	r	-	Value currently measured on the input, not calculated using individual characteristic or mat- hematical functions
6022/7022	7511	Cold junction temperature	r	°C	Cold junction temperature - temperature of transducer ter- minals used for thermocouples temperature compensation
6024/7024	7512	Second displayed value	r		Value displayed at the lower line of the LCD display – value of any transducer register
6026/7026	7513		r		Free space on the SD/SDHC card or on the internal file sy- stem memory (kB), "-1" means card is unmounted (memory error)
6028/7028	7514		r		Total capacity of the SD/SDHC card or the internal file system memory (kB), "-1" means card is unmounted (memory error)
6030 6033/ /7030 7033	7515 7516		r	-	RESERVED
6034/7034	7517	Analog value	r	-	Value controlling the transdu- cer analog output
6036 6045/ /7036 7045	7518 7522				RESERVED
6046/7046	7523	Minimum - date	r	-	Date of the minimum value oc- currence on the input in YYM- MDD format (e.g. "130416" means 2013-04-16)
6048/7048	7524	Maximum - date	r	-	Date of the maximum value occurrence on the input in YYMMDD format

6050/7050	7525	Minimum - time	r	-	Time of the minimum value occurrence on the input in HH.MMSS format (e.g. "9.5405" means 09:54:05 o'clock)
6052/7052	7526	Maximum - time	r	-	Time of the maximum value occurrence on the input in HH.MMSS format
6054/7054	7527		r	-	Measured value after opera- tion of individual characteristic and then mathematical function
6056 6067/ /7056 7067	7528 7533				RESERVED
6068/7068	7534	Status no 1	r	-	Value of 4301 register repre- sented as floating point value
6070/7070	7535	Status no 1			Value of 4302 register repre- sented as floating point value
6072 6075/ /7072 7075	7536 7537		r	-	RESERVED

## 5.10. 10/100-BASE-T Ethernet interface

P30U transducers in P30U-X2XXXXX manufacturing variant are equipped with an Ethernet interface enabling connection of the transducer (using RJ45 socket) to the local or global network (LAN or WAN) and using network services implemented in the transducer: WWW server. FTP server. TCP/IP Modbus slave. To use transducer's network services, configure parameters in Ethernet transducer group. Standard transducer Ethernet parameters have been shown in table 17. Transducer's IP address is the basic parameter by default 192.168.1.30 - which must be unique within the network that the device is being connected to. The IP Address can be assigned to the transducer automatically by the DHCP server in the network, if the address downloading via DHCP option is switched on: Ethernet  $\rightarrow$  DHCP  $\rightarrow$  On. If the DHCP service is switched off, the transducer will operate with the default IP address enabling the user to change the IP address e.g. via transducer menu. Each transducer Ethernet parameter change requires accepting parameter changes, e.g. in menu Ethernet  $\rightarrow$  Rel ni tEt  $\rightarrow$  Yes or by entering "1" in register 4099. After accepting changes, the Ethernet interface will be reinitiated according to new parameters - all Ethernet interface services will be restarted

## 5.10.1. Connecting 10/100-BASE-T Ethernet interface

To obtain access to Ethernet services, it is required to connect the transducer to the network via RJ45 socket located in the front section of the transducer, operating according to TCP/IP protocol.

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Fig.30. View and pin order of transducer RJ45 socket

Description of transducer RJ45 socket LEDs:

- <u>yellow LED</u> switched on when the transducer is properly connected to the Ethernet 100 Base-T network, switched off when the transducer is not connected to the network or is connected to 10-Base-T network
- <u>green LED</u> Tx/Rx, switched on when the transducer transmits and receives data, flashes randomly, when no data is transmitted it is constantly switched on

To connect the transducer to network, the following twisted pairs are recommended:

- U/FTP each twisted pair foiled separately
- F/FTP each twisted pair foiled separately and additionally cable foiled,
- S/FTP (earlier SFTP) each twisted pair foiled separately and additionally cable braided,
- SF/FTP (earlier S-STP) each twisted pair foiled separately and additionally cable foiled and braided,

Twisted pair according to European standard EN 50171, at minimum: class D (category 5) – for fast local networks, includes applications operating at up 100 MHz frequency bandwidth. The connection description has been provided in table 44. Use category 5 STP (shielded) twisted pair cabling with RJ-45 connector with color conductors (according to table 44) meeting the following standard:

- EIA/TIA 568A for both connectors using the straight connection of the P30U to the network hub or switch,
- EIA/TIA 568A for the first connector and EIA/TIA 568B for the second connector using the crossover connection, used, among others, in the case of direct connection of the P30U transducer to the PC.

Con-		Conductor color acc. to standard				
ductor no.	Signal	EIA/TIA 568A	EIA/TIA 568B			
1	TX+	white/green	white/orange			
2	TX-	green	orange			
3	RX+	white/orange	white/green			
4	EPWR+	blue	blue			
5	EPWR+	white/blue	white/blue			
6	RX-	orange	green			
7	EPWR-	white/brown	white/brown			
8	EPWR-	brown	brown			

## 5.10.2. WWW server

The P30U transducer provides its own WWW server enabling remote monitoring of measured values and remote configuration as well as reading the transducer status. In particular, the website enables the following:

- receiving information about the device (serial number, manufacturing variant code, firmware version, bootloader version, variant (standard or special manufacturing variant),
- viewing current measurement values
- reading device status,
- selecting website language.

To access the WWW server, user must enter the transducer's IP address in the internet browser, e.g.: http://192.168.1.30 (where 192.168.1.30 is the defined transducer's address). Port "80" is the standard WWW server port. The port server can be changed by the user.

**Note:** The website requires a browser with JavaScript switched on that is compatible with XHTML 1.0 (all leading browsers, Internet Explorer version 8 and higher).

### 5.10.2.1. Website general view

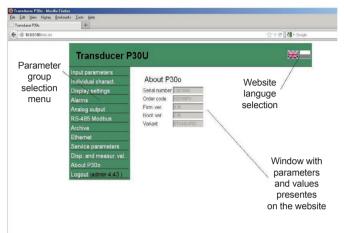


Fig.31. View of transducer's website

#### 5.10.2.2. WWW user selection

The transducer has two user accounts for the WWW server protected with individual passwords:

 user: "admin", password: "admin" - configuration and viewing parameter access

user: "user", password: "pass" - only viewing parameter access.
 Writing the transducer's IP address in the browser,
 e.g. <u>http://192.168.1.30</u>, will start display the log in window. User must enter name and password.

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10.0.1.64/index.htm	
Trans	ducer P30U
	Login
	Password

Fig.32. View of the transducer's WWW server log in window

WWW server user names cannot be changed, but the user passwords can be changed for every user. It is recommended to change the passwords for safety reasons. Password can be changed only through the website in "Ethernet" parameters group. Passwords consist of 8 characters maximum. If user will lose password and will not be able to use the WWW server, default settings of the Ethernet interface should be restored, e.g. using menu: Ethernet  $\rightarrow$  EthStdPa  $\rightarrow$  Yes or enter "1" in register 4080. All default Ethernet interface parameters (see table 17) and WWW server user passwords will be restored: user "admin"  $\rightarrow$  password "pass".

After logging into the WWW server, a 5 minute session is opened. After 5 minutes, the user is automatically logged out of the WWW server. Changing a parameter group renews the WWW session expiry time.

## 5.10.3. FTP server

FTP protocol has been implemented in P30 transducers. The transducer operates in a server FTP mode and enables clients access to the transducer's internal file system memory. Files can be accessed by a PC, tablet with an installed FTP client software or with another device operating in FTP client mode. Port "1025" – data port and "21" – command port has been used for transmitting files via the FTP protocol. The user can change the FTP protocol ports if it's required. Please note that the ports configuration of the server and client must be identical.

The FTP client software can operate in passive or active mode. It is recommended that passive mode should be selected, because in such a case the connection is completely set up by the client (the client selects the data port). In active mode, the server selects the data port, e.g. port "1025". For transmitting files with the transducer, the maximum of one simultaneous connection can be used, therefore the maximum number of connections in the client program should be limited to "1".

#### 5.10.3.1. FTP user selection

The transducer has two user accounts for the FTP server protected with individual passwords:

- user: "admin", password: "admin" writing and reading file access
- user: "user", password: "passftp" only reading file access

FTP server user names cannot be changed, but the user passwords can be changed for every user. It is recommended to change the passwords for safety reasons. Password can be changed only through the website in the "Ethernet" parameters group. Passwords consist of 8 characters maximum. If user will lose password and will not be able to use the FTP server. default settinas of the Ethernet interface should be restored, e.g. using menu: Ethernet  $\rightarrow$  EthStdPa  $\rightarrow$  Yes or enter "1" in register 4080. All default Ethernet interface parameters (see table 17) and FTP server user passwords will be restored:

```
user "admin" → password: "admin";
user "user" → password "passftp".
```

An internet browser is a basic FTP server client. Enter the transducer's IP address with "ftp" prefix. <u>ftp://192.168.1.30</u> as a browser address and download archive files directly from the internet browser.



Fig.33. View of an FTP session opened in a browser window

## 5.10.4. TCP/IP Modbus

P30U transducers enable access to internal registers using the Ethernet interface and TCP/IP Modbus Slave protocol. The functions of Modbus protocol and structure of registers have been discussed in section 5.9.3-5.9.6. It is required to set an unique IP address for the transducer and to set connection parameters specified in table 45 to set up the connection.

Table 45

Symbol	Description	Default value
AddrmTCP	Device address for TCP/IP Modbus protocol	1
PortMbus	TCP Modbus port number	502
Ti meMbus	TCP/IP Modbus service closing time [s]	60
no. c. TCP	Maximum number of simultaneous connections with TCP/IP Modbus	4

The device address (Ethernet  $\rightarrow$  Adr mTCP) is the device address for TCP/IP Modbus protocol and does not correspond to the address value for RS-485 Modbus protocol (Mbus 485  $\rightarrow$  Adres). If Adr mTCP transducer parameter is set to "255", the transducer will bypass the address analysis in the Modbus protocol frame (broadcast mode).

For the transducers in P30U-X1XXXXXX variants that support SD/SDHC cards user can order an additional industrial SD card with the capacity adapted to the user's needs according to the table below. **It is not recommended to use consumer grade cards** due to significant deviations of their parameters and their low durability.

Table 46

ltem	Ordering code	Capacity
1	0923-611-193	1 GB
2	0923-611-194	2 GB

## 7. ERROR CODES

The various error messages can be displayed during transducer operation. The table below shows a list of possible error codes and their causes, including recommended remedial actions.

Table 47

Message	Description
Err.FRM Sevice	Calibration parameters memory error – send the transducer to the service, the message prevents measured values from being displayed
Err.DF	Internal archive memory error – archiving capability is lost, the transducer can operate, consider sending the transducer to a service; the message does not prevent measured values from being displayed, message is displayed in cycles.

Err.CAL	Calibration parameters lost – send the transducer to a service, the message does not prevent measured values from being displayed, message is displayed in cycles.
Err Batt Servi ce	Real time clock battery low voltage – loss of real time clock presets after a power loss, the transducer can operate, consider sending the transducer to a service to replace the battery; the message does not prevent measured values from being displayed, message is displayed in cycles. Changing date or hour settings switches of that message.
Err.PAR	Parameter error – restore default settings, do not ope- rate the transducer until default settings are restored, the message does not prevent measured values from being displayed, message is displayed in cycles.
Err Ind	Wrong configuration of individual characteristic parameters, the transducer can operate – individual characteristic fun- ction does not work, the message does not prevent mea- sured values from being displayed, message is displayed in cycles.
Error Par. File	Reading configuration from file stored on an external SD/SDHC card or on the internal file system memory unsuccessful – file is missing or corruped, the transducer can be operated, the message does not prevent measured values from being displayed, message is displayed in cycles for about 20 seconds.

# 8. TECHNICAL DATA

## Inputs:

Table 48

		-		
Input type	Nominal measuring range	Maximum measurement range	Multiplicity of narrowing the scope (from he west. class)	Measurement class
Vol tage -10 10V	-1010V	-1212 V	4	
Vol tage -24 24V	-2424V	-2828 V	5	
Current -2424mA	-2020 mA	-2424 mA	10	
Resistance 400 $\Omega$	0400 Ω	0420 Ω	4	
Resistance 2000 $\Omega$	02000 Ω	02050 Ω	2	
Resistance 5500 $\Omega$	05500 Ω	05550 Ω	2	
Pt100	-200850 °C	-205855 °C	5	
Pt250	-200600 °C	-205605 °C	4	
	-200850 °C	-205 855 °C	3	0.1
Pt500	-200180 °C	-205 185 °C	3	
	-200850 °C	-205 855 °C	3	
Pt1000	-200250 °C	-205 255 °C	4	
	-200850 °C	-205 855 °C	2	
Ni 100	-60180 °C	-65 185 °C	1	
Ni 1000	-60150 °C	-65 155 °C	2	
Ni 100-LG	-60180 °C	-65 185 °C	1	
Ni 1000-LG	-60180 °C	-65 185 °C	2	
Cu100	-50180 °C	-55 185 °C	1	

Voltage mV	-520 mV	-6 21 mV	1	
	-7575 mV	-80 80 mV	4	1
	-200200 mV	-210 210 mV	4	
Thermocouple J	0400 °C	-20 420 °C	1	0.1
	-2001200 °C	-220 1210 °C	2	]
Thermocouple K	0400 °C	-20 420 °C	1	]
	-2001370 °C	-280 1382 °C	2	
Thermocouple S	01760 °C	-55 1775 °C	2 0.5	
Thermocouple N	-20420 °C	-50 450 °C	1	
	-2001300 °C	-240 1350 °C	1	0.2
Thermocouple E	-40260 °C	-50 280 °C	1	0.2
-2001000 °C -210 1010 °C		2	]	
Thermocouple R	01760 °C	-55 1765 °C	2	0.5
Thermocouple T	-200400 °C	-210 410 °C	1	0.2
Thermocouple B	4001800 °C	1	0.5	
RS-485	In RS-485 mode measured value fro - value read or writ interface which work tor, Master modes			

- sample rate
  - input type: Vol tage 10 V,
  - Vol tage -24. 24V, Prad -24. 24mA 80 ms other inputs 160 ms

#### Output:

- analog output programmable, insulated galvanically, current (0/4...20 mA, load resistance ≤ 500 Ω) or voltage (0...10 V, load resistance ≥ 500 Ω),
- analog output accuracy class 0.1;
- analog output conversion time < 40 ms</li>
- relay 1 or 2 relays; voltage free contacts, normally open, maximum load capacity 5 A 30 V d.c. or 250 V a.c.
- digital RS-485 interface:
  - transmission protocol: Modbus RTU
  - transmission rate: 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 256000 [b/s].

1s/24 h

- address: 1...247
- mode: 8N2, 8E1, 8O1, 8N1
- maximum time to start response 200 ms<sup>1</sup>
- auxiliary power supply (option) 24 V d.c. / 30 mA
- clock accuracy
- Power consumption < 6 VA
- Weight < 0.25 kg
- Dimensions 120 x 45 x 100 mm
- Mounting 35 mm rail acc. to EN 60715

#### Insured protection grade by the housing

housing-side (variant incompatible with SD/SDHC cards)	IP40
housing-side (variant compatible with SD/SDHC cards)	IP30
terminals-side	IP20

Display

alphanumeric LCD display 2x8 characters with LED backlight

Warm-up time 15 min

#### Recording

Recording into the internal 4 MB memory (max. 534.336 records) recording with time stamp, for variants compatible with SD/SDHC possibility to automatically writing internal archive into SD/SDHC cards.

#### Reference conditions and nominal operational conditions

supply voltage 85..253 V d.c./a.c.(40..400 Hz) or 20..40 V a.c. (40..400 Hz), 20...60 V d.c.

-	ambient temperature	-25 <u>23</u> +55 °C
-	storage temperature	-30+70 °C
-	humidity	2595 % (condensations not acceptable)
-	operating position	any

The maximum time to start response can extend to 500 ms during data writing into the SD/SDHC card or in the internal file system memory

#### Additional errors:

- due to temperature variations:
  - for the analog outputs 50% of the out\_class / 10 K
  - for the measuring inputs

100% of the input. class / 10 K

- compensation of cold junction temperature changes ≤ 1°C -
- compensation of wire resistance changes (temperature measur-\_ ment)  $\leq 0.2^{\circ}C$
- compensation of wire resistance changes (resistance measurment) ≤ 0.05 Ω

#### Input parameters

- resistance of the voltage input -10...10V, -24, ... 24V: > 1 M $\Omega$
- resistance of the voltage input Vol tage mV, Thermocoupl e: >100 kO
- resistance of the current input -24...24 mA: 12 ±1 Ω%
- current flowing through a thermometric resistor < 0,2 mA
- resistance of cords connecting a thermometric resistor with the transducer: < 10</li>
- resistance of external measuring circuits for voltage and thermocouple inputs  $\,$  <100  $\Omega$

#### Long-term overload capability

- thermocouples, thermoresistors 1,1 Xn
- voltage, current and resistance 1,3 Xn

#### Insulation between circuits

- power supply acc. measuring inputs, analog outputs, RS-485 interface
   2,2 kV
- measuring inputs acc. analog output, RS-485 interface 1 kV

#### Standards met by the transducer

#### Electromagnetic compatibility:

- disturbance immunity acc. to EN 61000-6-2
- disturbance emission acc. toEN 61000-6-4

#### Security requirements acc. to EN 61010-1

isolation between circuits basic,
 installation category III
 pollution grade 2
 phase-to-earth working voltage: 300 V for the power supply circuit and 50 V for other circuits
 altitude above sea level < 2000 m</li>

# 9. ORDERING CODE

					Т	able	: 49
P30U transducer-	Х	X	X	X	XX	X	X
Analog output:							
current (0/420 mA)	1						
voltage (010 V)	2						
Additional equipment:							
without any		0					
with external SD/SDHC slot		1					
With Ethernet interface and internal file system memory		2					
Additional output:							
relay (normally opened) , 5 A 30 V d.c., 250 V a.c.			1				
supply 24 V d.c. / 30 mA			2				
Supply:							
85253 V a.c./d.c.				1			
2040 V a.c., 2060 d.c.				2			
Version:							
standard					00		
custom-made*					ХХ		
Language:						-	
Polish						Ρ	
English						Е	
other*						Х	
Acceptance tests:							
without extra requirements							0
with an extra quality inspection certificate							1
according to customer's request*							Х

\* after consultation with manufacturer

#### Example of Order:

The Code **P30U-112100E1** means a transducer in a standard version with a current analog output, supporting external SD/SDHC cards, with 24 V/30 mA power output, 85...235 V a.c./d.c. power supply, in English language version and a Quality Control Certificate.

P30U-09B



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